#### MkV Beam Position Monitor Readout

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#### **BPM Overview**

- BPM's have 4 striplines oriented at 90 degrees
- E-beam capacitively couples to striplines
  - f<sub>RF</sub> = 2.865 GHz
- SMA feedthrough to stripline
- With e-beam centered, each pickoff sees same signal level



# **BPM Signal Mixing**

- Problems: direct measurement of high frequency RF BPM signals
  - Comparing signals is phase senstitive
  - High cable loss for detector in CR
  - High radiation for detector in tunnel
  - Few reliable detectors
    available

 Better: use heterodyne technique, local oscillator in tunnel

- Phase and cable loss no
  longer a problem
- Wide range of commercially available detectors
- Detector and DAQ can be located in CR

## **Beam Position Error Calculation**

- Separate position into vertical and horizontal components
- Use AD640 Log-Amp to measure signal level for each pickoff
  - Absolutely calibrated slope and reference
  - DC 120 MHz
  - 50 dB dynamic range
- Take difference of log-amp output for H and V pairs to generate error signal

 $\delta x \propto V^R / V^L$  $\delta y \propto V^T / V^B$ 

$$V_{out} = V_{slope} \log (V_{input} / V_{ref})$$

$$V_{out}^{R} - V_{out}^{L} = V_{slope} \log (V_{input}^{R} / V_{input}^{L})$$

### **BPM Readout Block Diagram**



# Log-Amp Test Measurements

- Test log-amp in Vector board circuit
- Logarithmic response
- Measure real BPM signal: ~ 1 V
- Verified sample & hold circuit
- Now need to test 2channel comparison



#### Schematic



# Layout

- 2-layer, 0.062" FR-4,1 oz.
  - 0.115" trace width for 50
     Ohm u-strip
- 10 MHz into SMA input
- 60 Ohm terminator required b/c of internal attenuator
- Ground side of SMA connects directly to log-amp, not ground plane as per AD spec

