

E

E

soldering instructions:

1. solder the high-voltage capacitors on the non-PMT side of the board
2. solder the 9-pin 2mm connectors so the plastic retaining the pins is on the non-PMT side of the board, making sure to align them so all the pins are perpendicular to the board and parallel with each other
3. flush-cut the 2mm pins on the PMT side of the board
4. place all 24 pins (192 pins?) in the board from the PMT side and press them into place
5. put the board down on a flat, hard surface and make sure all 192 are flush and aligned perpendicular to the board
6. solder the 192 pins
7. solder the high-voltage input connectors on the non-PMT side of the board, taking care to align each pin on the center of the pad it sits on

D

D

revB is different from revA in the following ways:

the trace size is at least 8 mils (compared to 6 mils for revA) to reduce fabrication cost
 the via size is 15mils (compared to 10mils for revA) to reduce fabrication cost
 revB has 2 mounting holes
 revB has different autorouting, but the same manually routed ground and anode traces
 the pin socket holes for the PMT are oversized 58mils (versus 1.4mm~55mils for revA)

revC is different from revB in the following ways:

there are 6 layers on the PCB (versus 4 on the revB)
 there is a keepout on the top and bottom layers for HV traces around the PMTs to try to stop arcing in the air above the board
 1.5mm spacing between HV traces and any other trace, via or pad (versus 0.9mm for the revB)
 separated "high" HV (2.6kV to 3.8kV) from "low" HV (0.6kV to 1.6kV) to ease setting up design rules
 2mm between HV vias (versus 1mm on the revB)
 1.5mm between HV traces and the copper ground pour around the anodes (versus 1mm on the revB)
 ground traces for different PMTs are closer together
 turned ground hatch around anodes into a solid pour
 made thickness of ground pour thinner so it would flow around the pins better
 made pads for input HV connectors and capacitors rounded

C

C

B

B

A

A

notes updated 2011-10-09

institution:	University of Hawai'i at Manoa High Energy Physics Group Instrumentation Development Lab
title:	iTOP front front
revision:	C
IDLAB design #:	IDL_11_020
circuit design:	MZA, LJR
PCB design:	MZA, LJR
sheet #:	1 of 3
sheet description:	PMTs #H, #G, #F and #E
date last modified:	2011-10-09

6

5

4

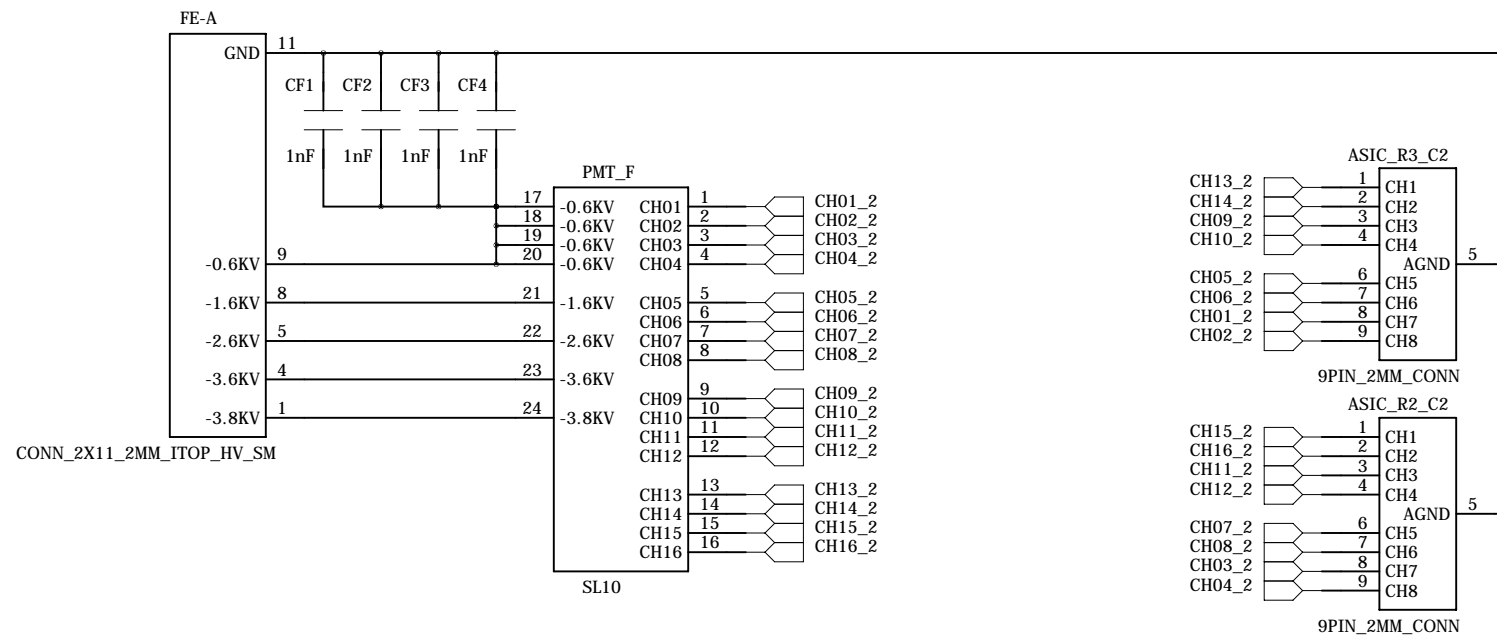
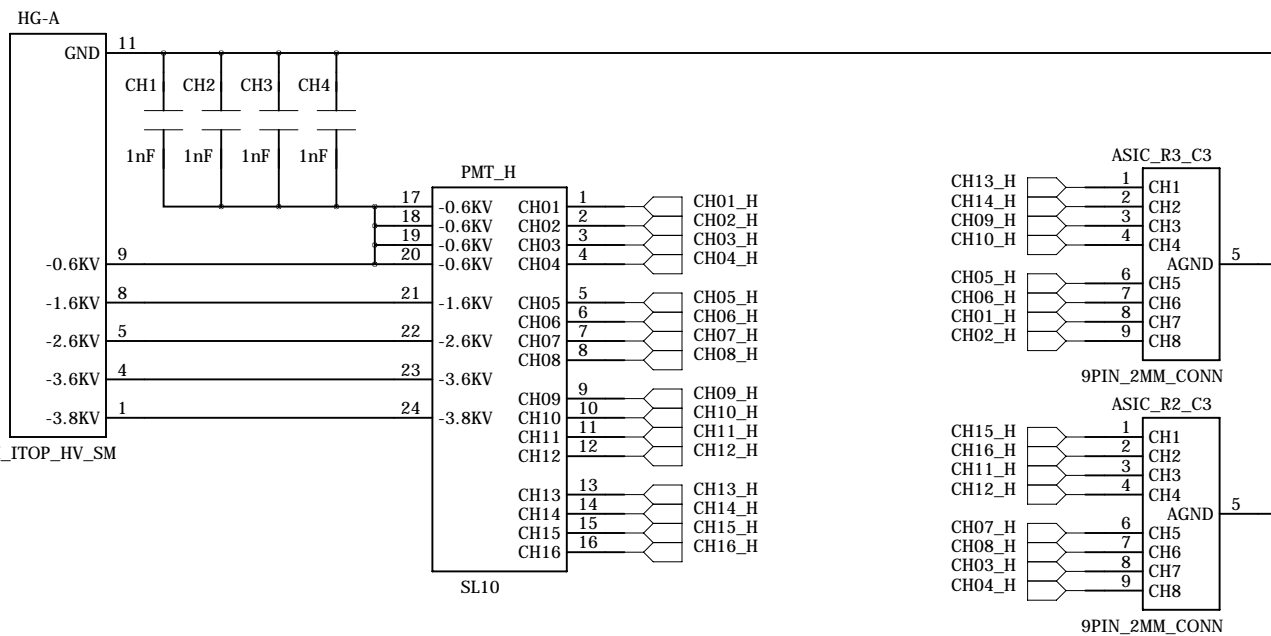
3

2

1

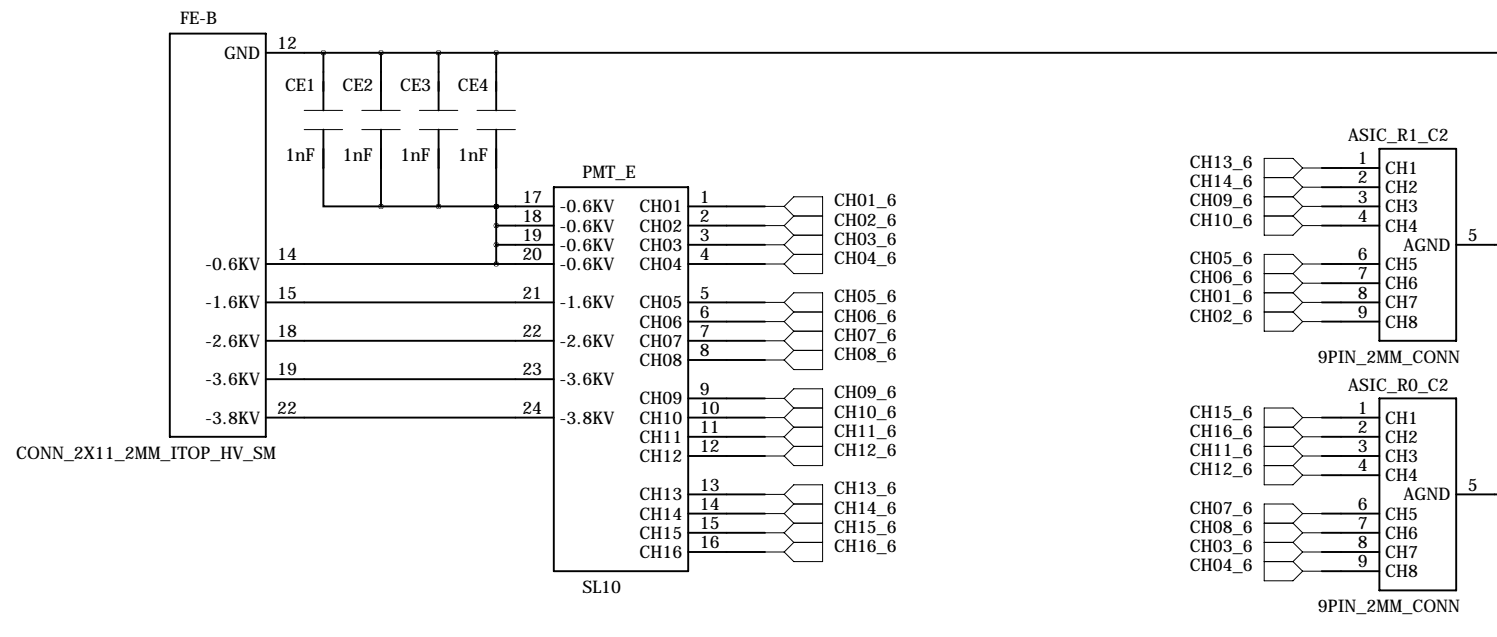
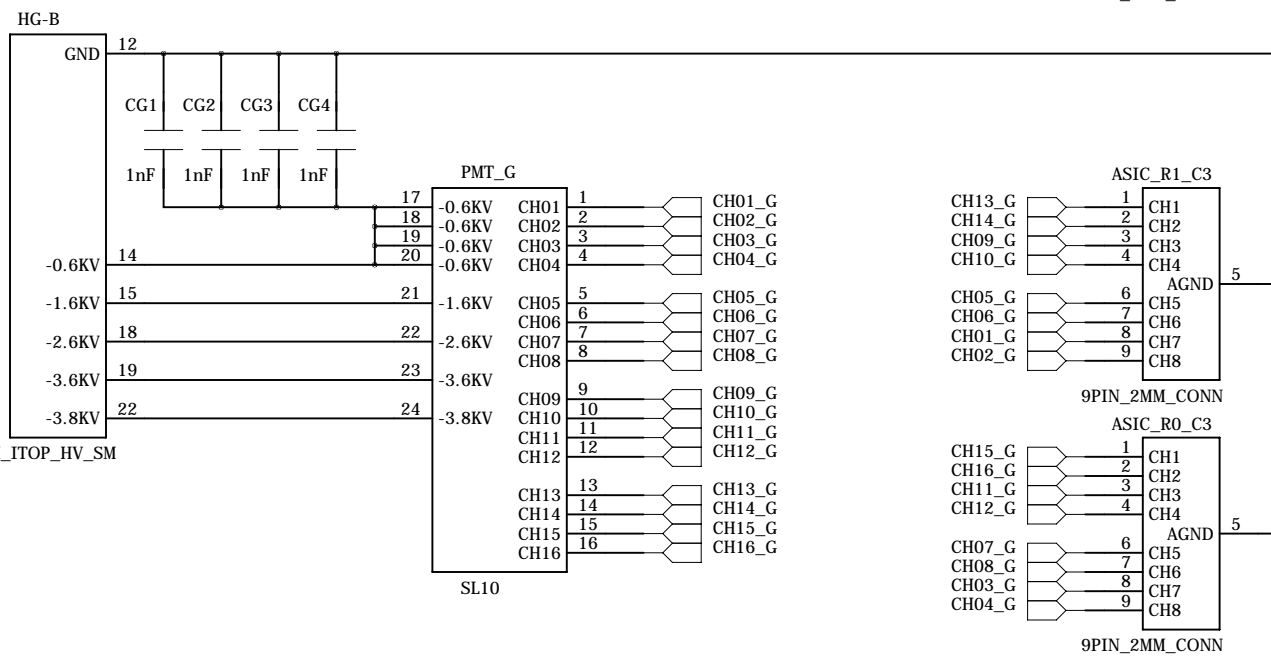
E

E



D

D



C

C

B

B

class "HV" 0.9mm spacing
class "GNDs" 0.3mm spacing
class "ANODEs" 0.3mm spacing

signal traces 0.1524mm

A

A

institution: University of Hawai'i at Manoa
High Energy Physics Group
Instrumentation Development Lab

title: iTOP front front
revision: C
IDLAB design #: IDL_11_020
circuit design: MZA, LJR
PCB design: MZA, LJR

sheet #: 2 of 3
sheet description: PMTs #H, #G, #F and #E
date last modified: 2011-10-09

6

5

4

3

2

1

E

E

D

D

C

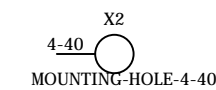
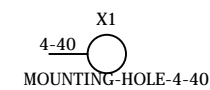
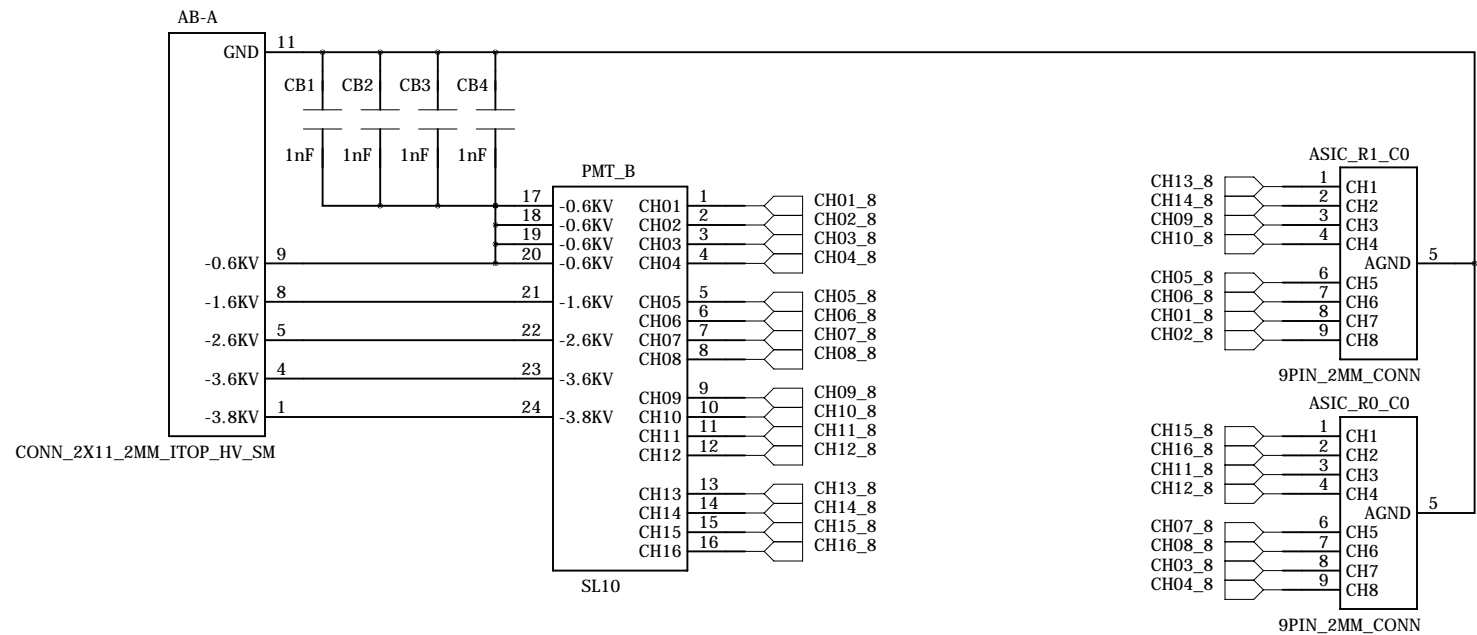
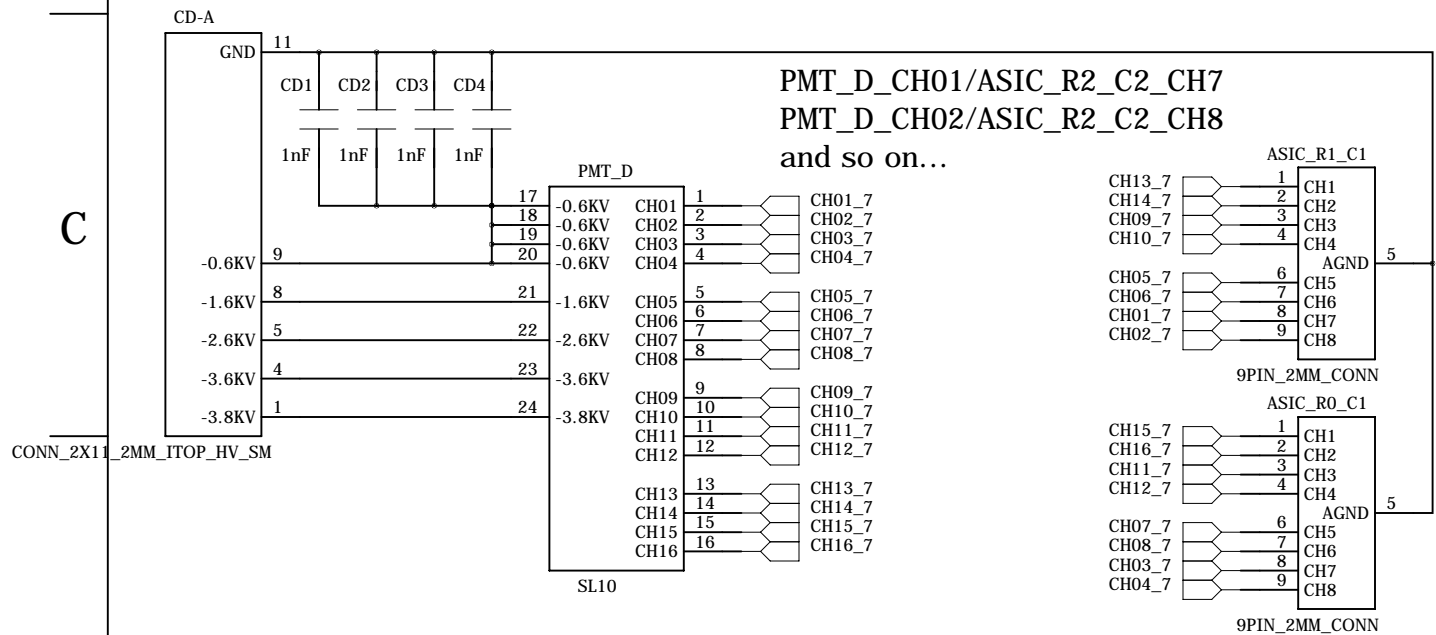
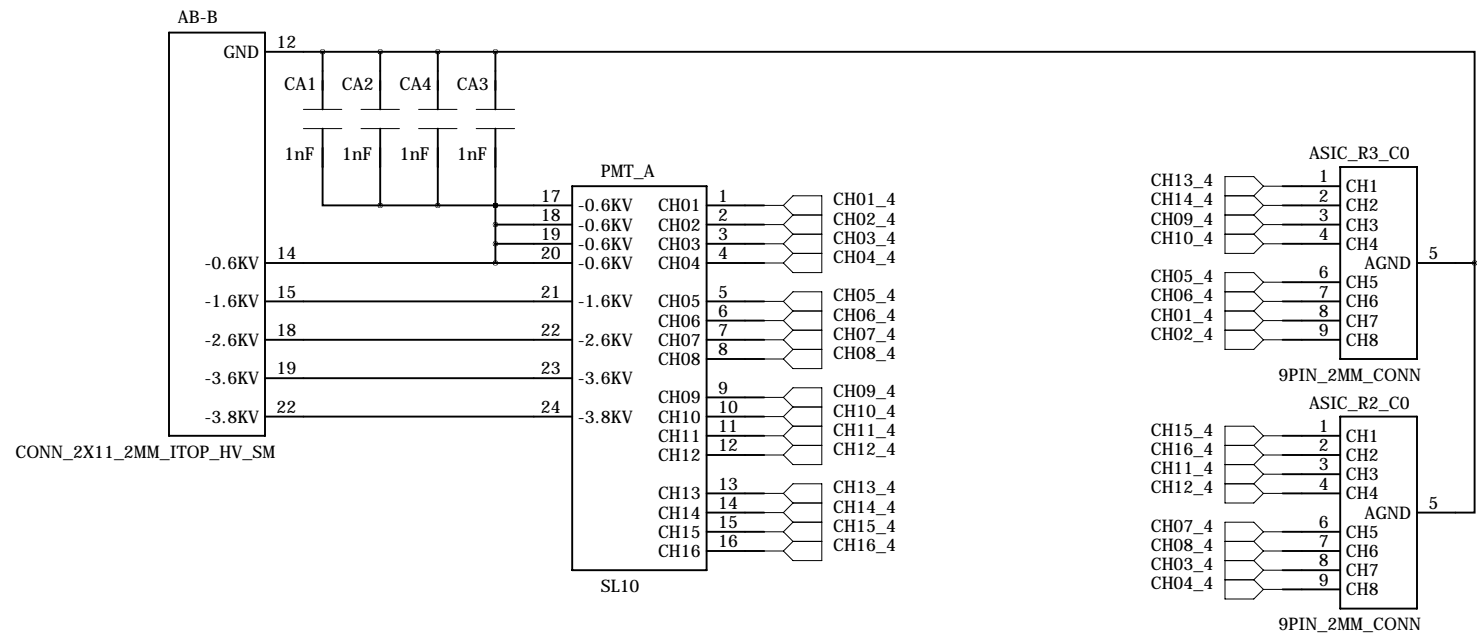
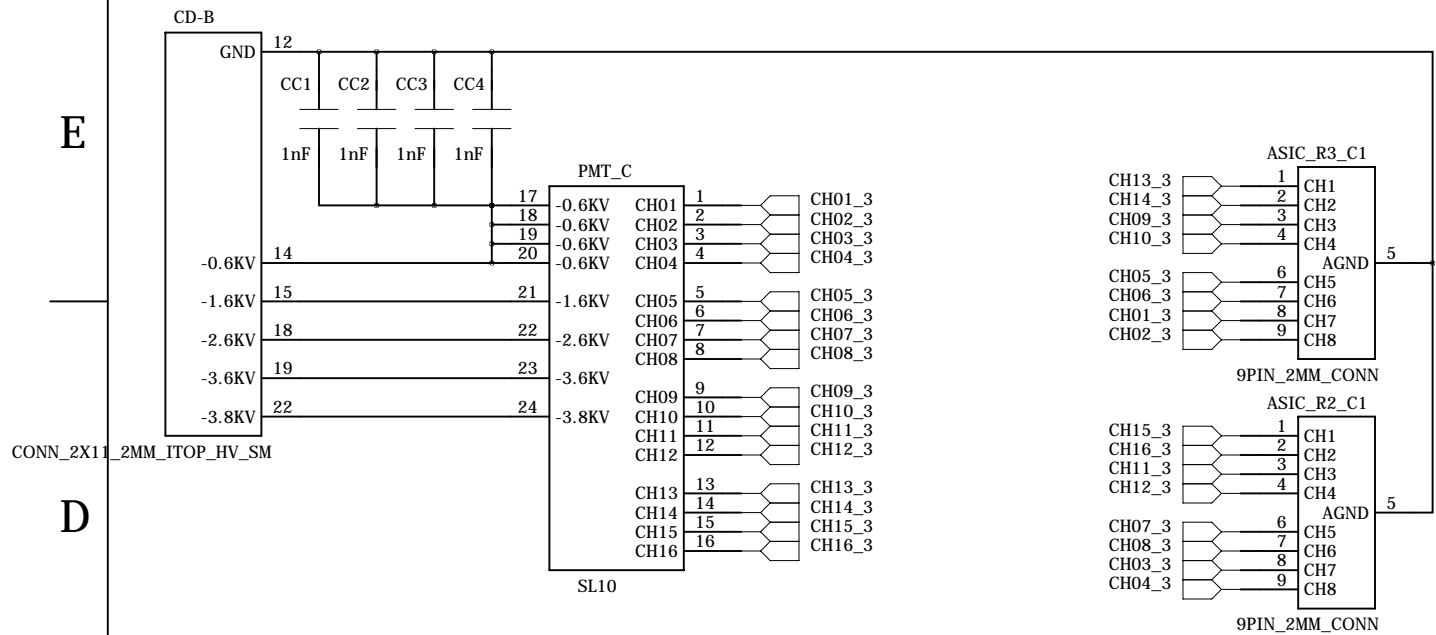
C

B

B

A

A



institution: University of Hawai'i at Manoa
 High Energy Physics Group
 Instrumentation Development Lab

title: iTOP front front
 revision: C
 IDLAB design #: IDL_11_020
 circuit design: MZA, LJR
 PCB design: MZA, LJR

sheet #: 3 of 3
 sheet description: PMTs #C, #D, #A and #B
 date last modified: 2011-10-09