

PSEC-3 Calibration Report

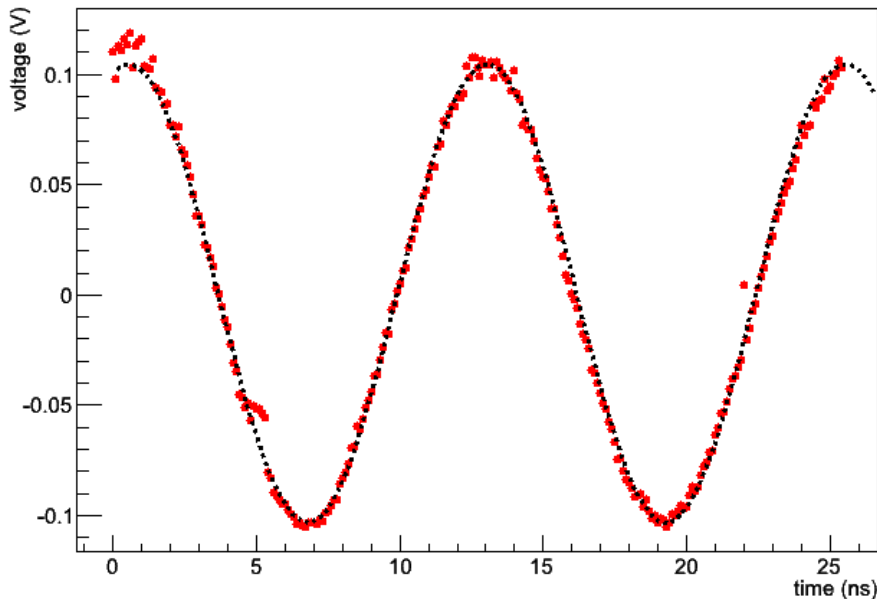
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September 14, 2011
LAPPD Electronics Meeting

Calbration datasets

- Eric provided the following, all at 10 GSa/s:
 - 4x 1000 events 80 MHz input for channel 3
 - 4x 1000 events 80 MHz input for channel 4
 - 2x 1000 events 320 MHz input for channel 3
 - 2x 1000 events 320 MHz input for channel 3
 - Voltage lookup table
 - Pedestal table
 - (Are these calculated before or after lookup...?)

Uncalibrated Data

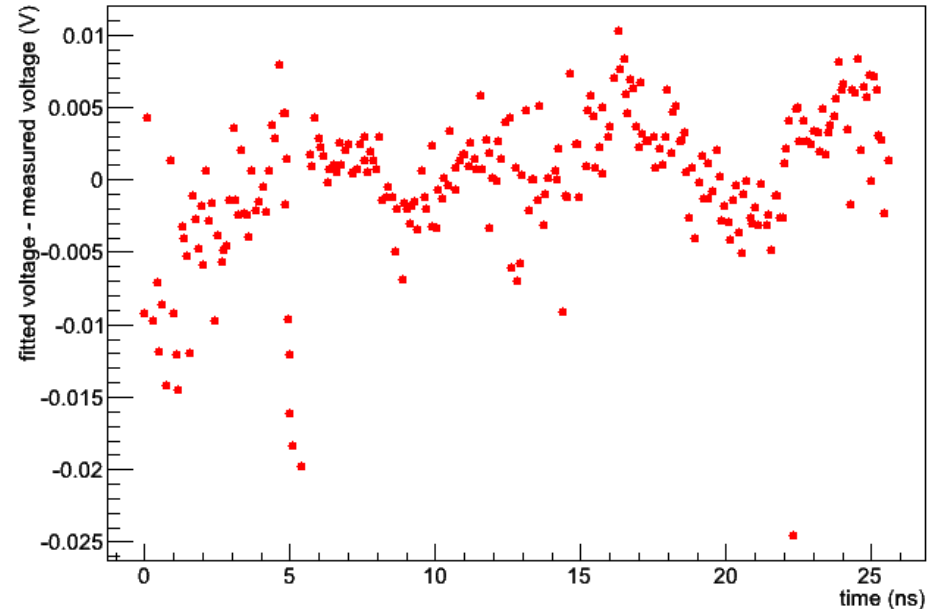
- Assuming nominal timing (100 ps per sample):



Sample 80 MHz event

Red points: data

**Black line: sine fit w/ floated
amplitude, phase, DC offset.**



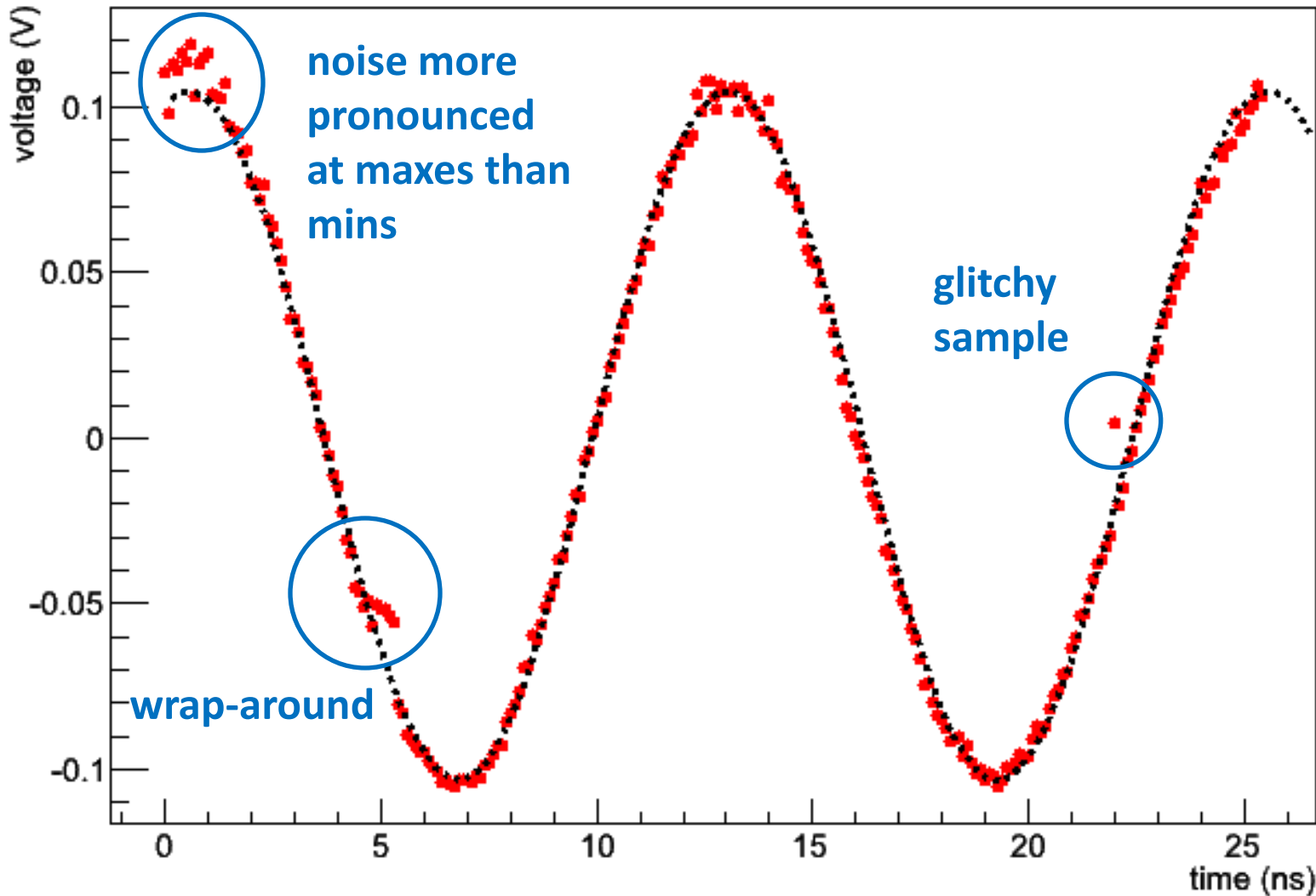
Residuals for event shown on left

Red points: best fit value – data value

➔ Agreement is already quite good. A few features worth noting...

Uncalibrated Data

- Assuming nominal timing (100 ps per sample):



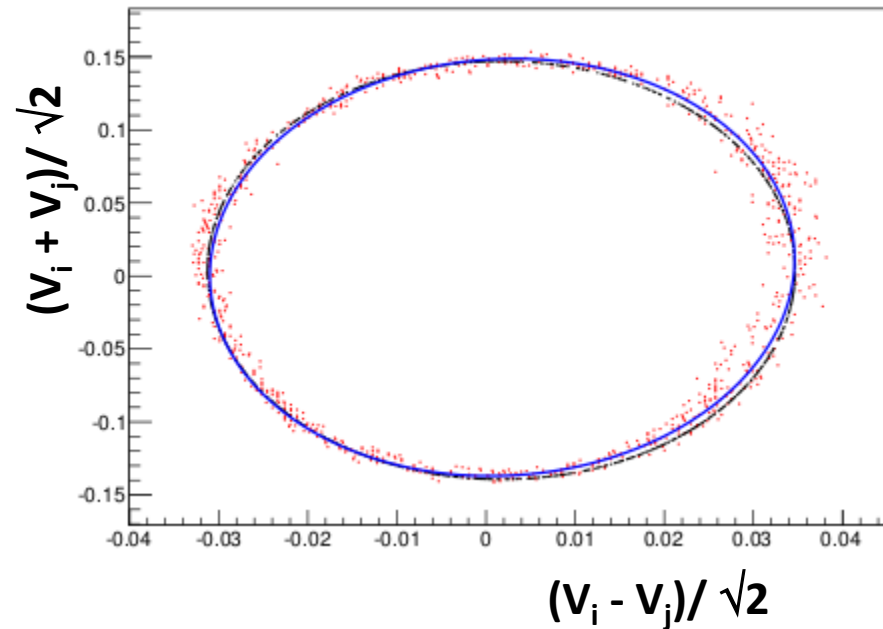
Correlation-Based Calibration

- I've tried two versions of the correlation-based calibration:
 - New version with gain variation.
 - Old version with no gain variation.
- And two other versions:
 - Zero crossings
 - Amplitude near zero crossings

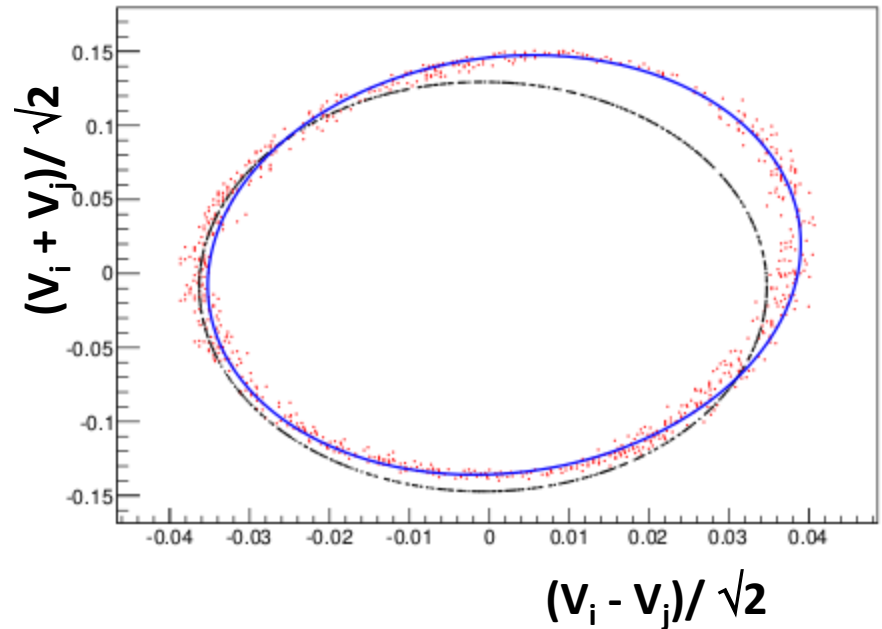
Fitting w/ gain

- Sample fits, 1000 data points, 80 MHz, ch 3:

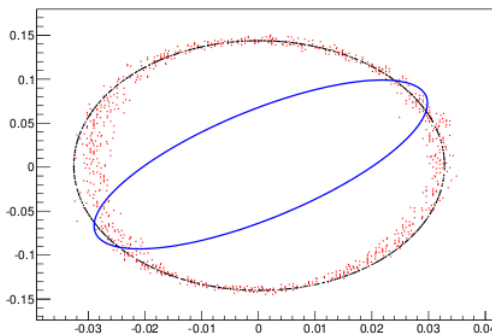
samples 91 and 100



samples 189 and 199



samples 93 and 102



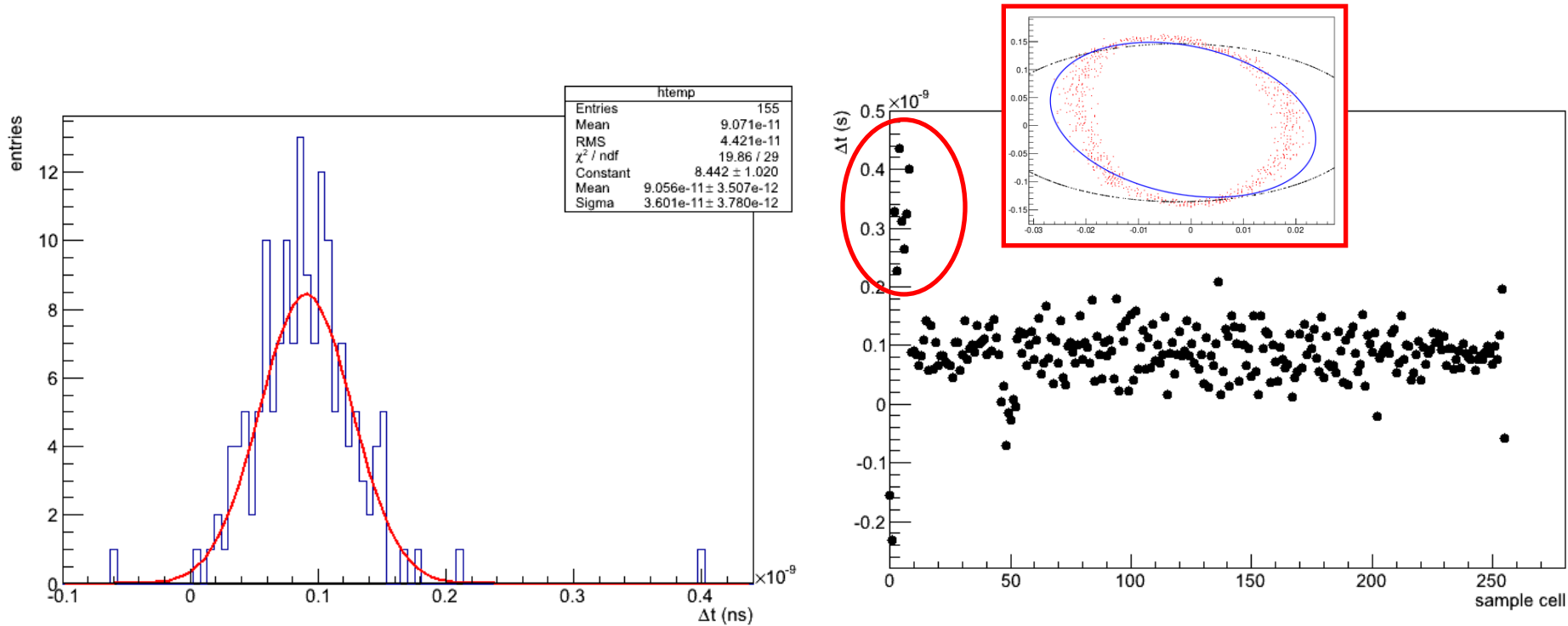
Red points – data

Blue line – fitted contour

Black line – nominal 10 GSa/s contour

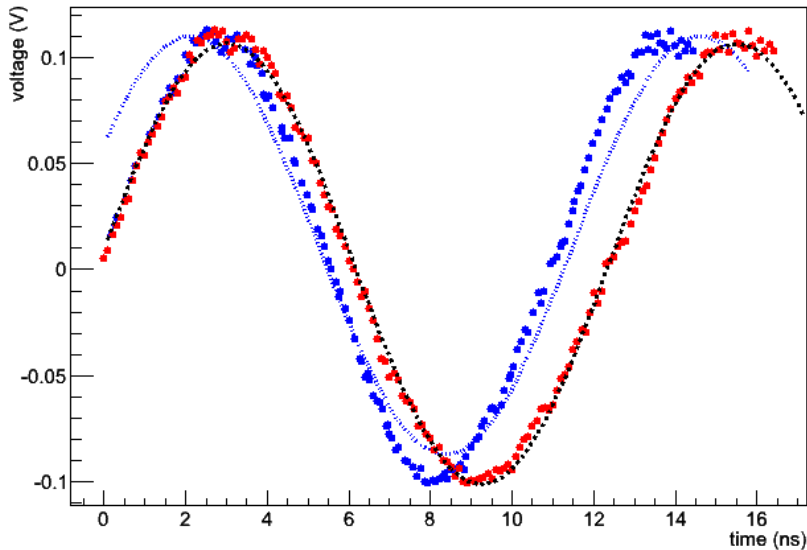
➔ Some fit failures... can sometimes be recovered with different initial guesses.

Fitter w/ gain: Δt distribution



- Mean of distribution indicates a sampling rate close to 11 GSa/s.
 - But original sine-fit doesn't seem to support that.
- Data is rather poor quality passing the 255 \rightarrow 0 boundary.
- A few outliers, maybe due to poor fit quality
 - Visually inspected plots, reasonably good fit behavior between samples 95-245, so focused on that region....

Sine wave w/ “calibrated” Δt values

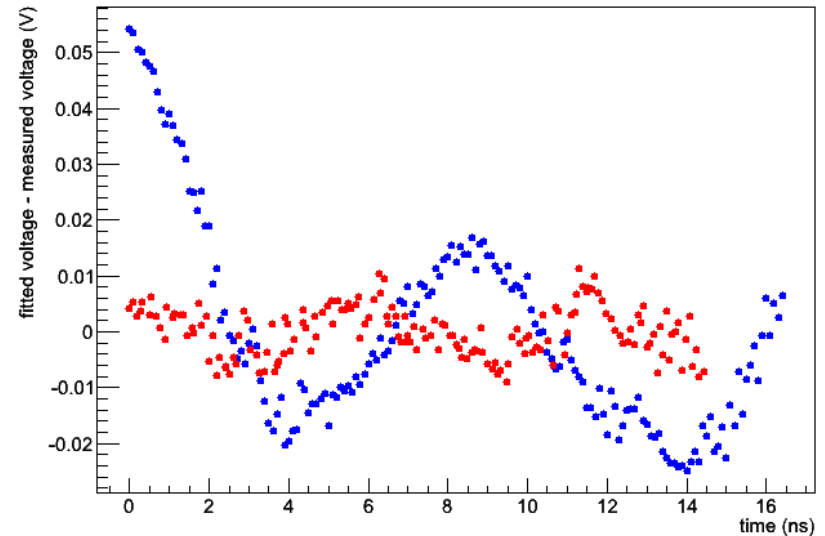


Sample 80 MHz event

Red points: “uncalibrated” data

Blue points: “calibrated” data

Lines: sine fit w/ floated amplitude, phase, DC offset.



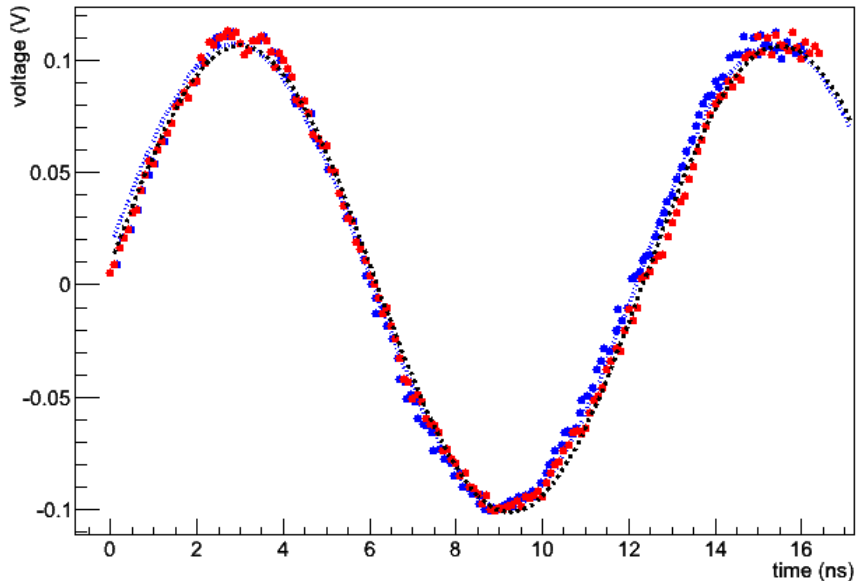
Residuals for event shown on left

Something seems distinctly wrong.



Cross checks w/ old fitter

- Check against Δt obtained from old fitter (without gain).

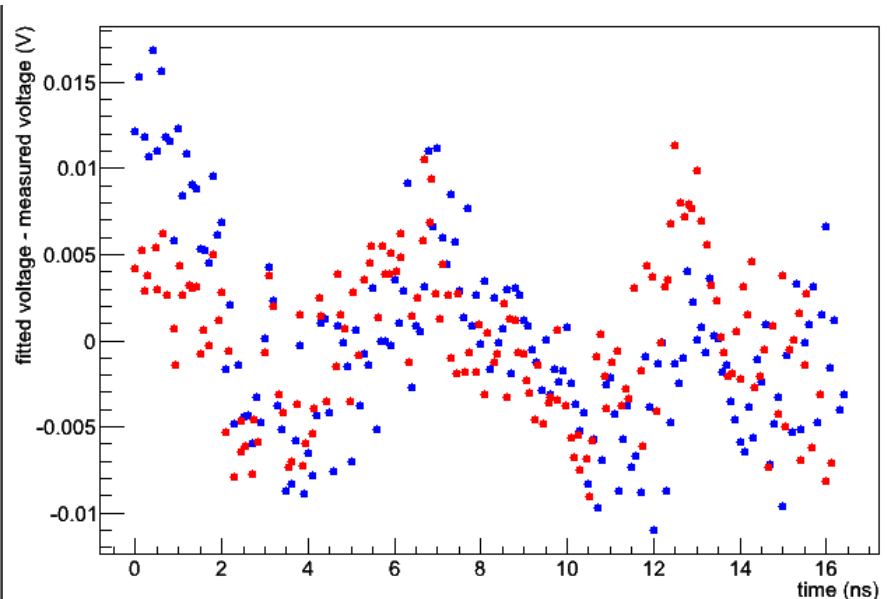


Sample 80 MHz event

Red points: "uncalibrated" data

Blue points: "calibrated" data

Lines: sine fit w/ floated amplitude, phase, DC offset.

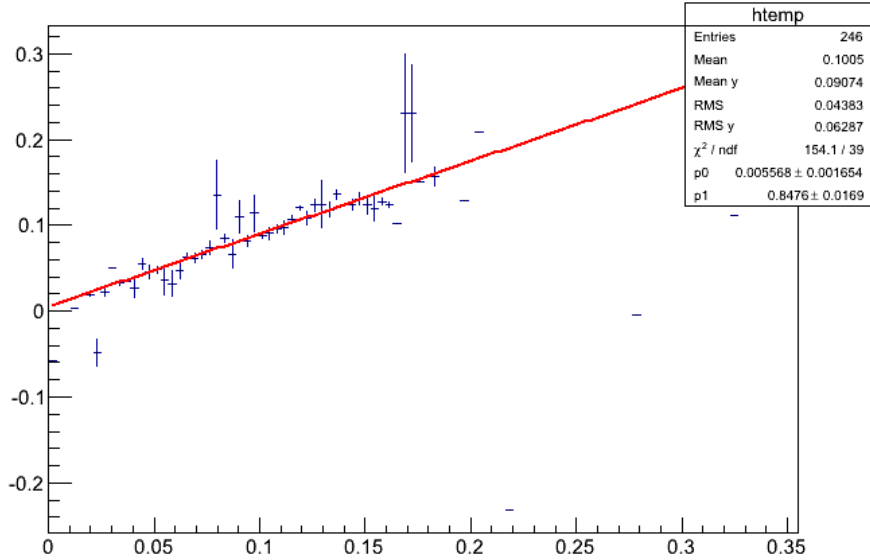


Residuals for event shown on left

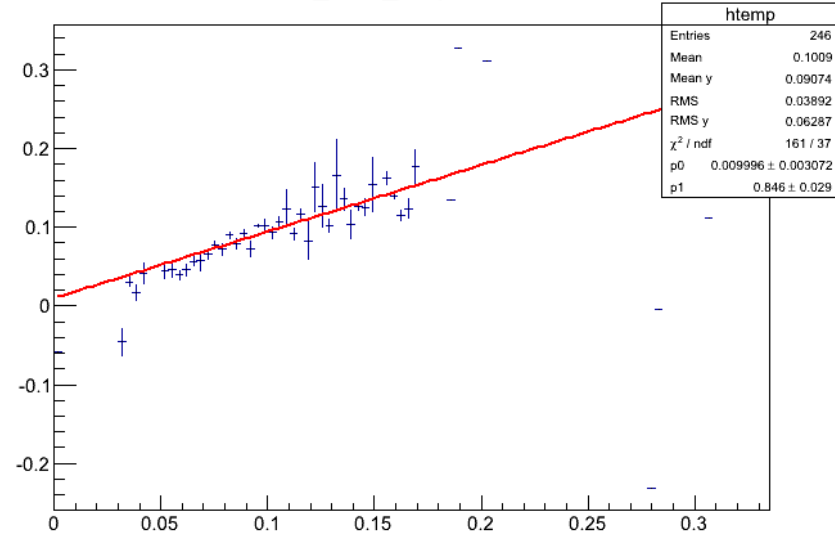
Better than new version of fitter, but not obviously better than uncalibrated version.

vs. zero crossing methods

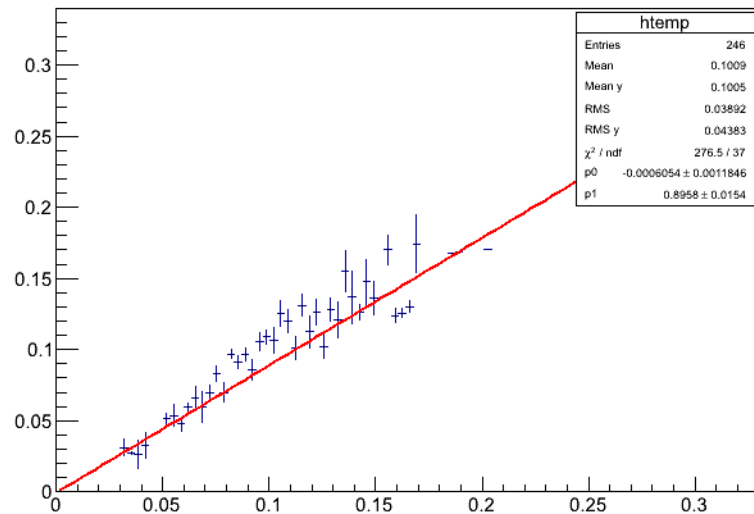
dt_fit:dt_crossings



dt_fit:dt_amplitudes



dt_crossings:dt_amplitudes



Summary

- Immediate term:
 - What would be best for the sine wave plot for PSEC-3 TIPP paper?
 - Maybe “uncalibrated” and refer that studies of timing are ongoing?
- Longer term:
 - Toy MC for new fitter version to check bias/pull.
 - I have a slight concern that the gain is actually partially degenerate with the timing...
 - More detailed cross checking against other methods.