



# Geant4 simulations for HMB

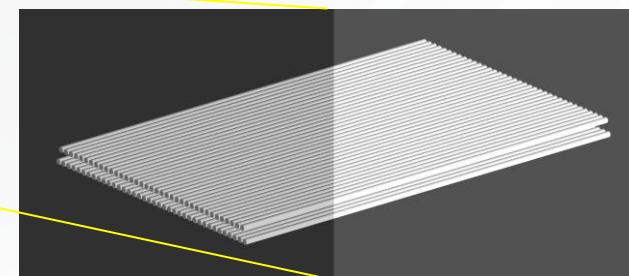
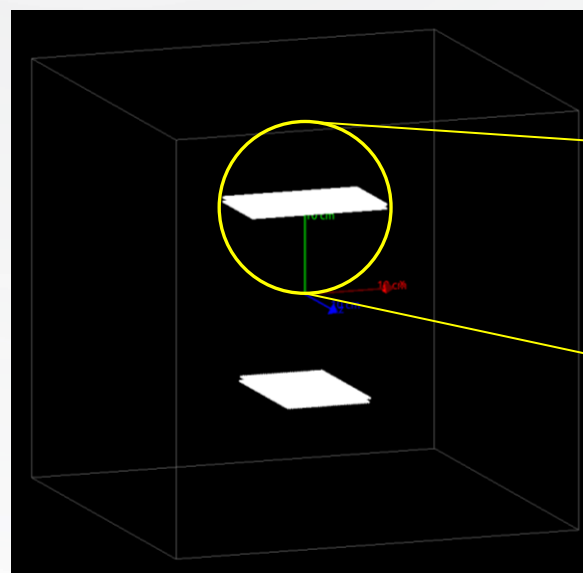
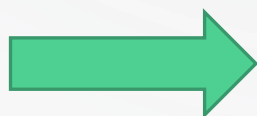
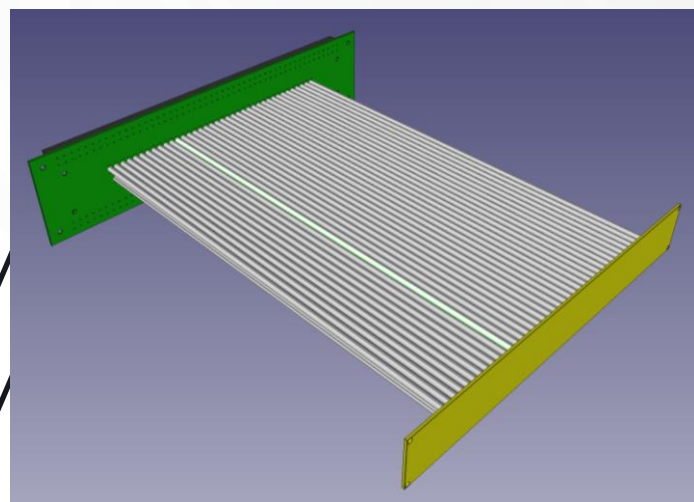
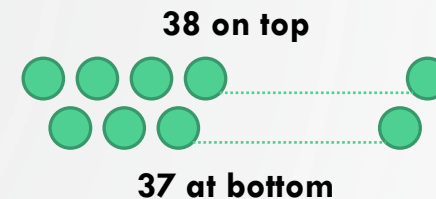
## PROGRESS, ISSUES & PLANS

HARSH PURWAR

Mar 1<sup>st</sup>, 2021 - Weekly Progress Meeting

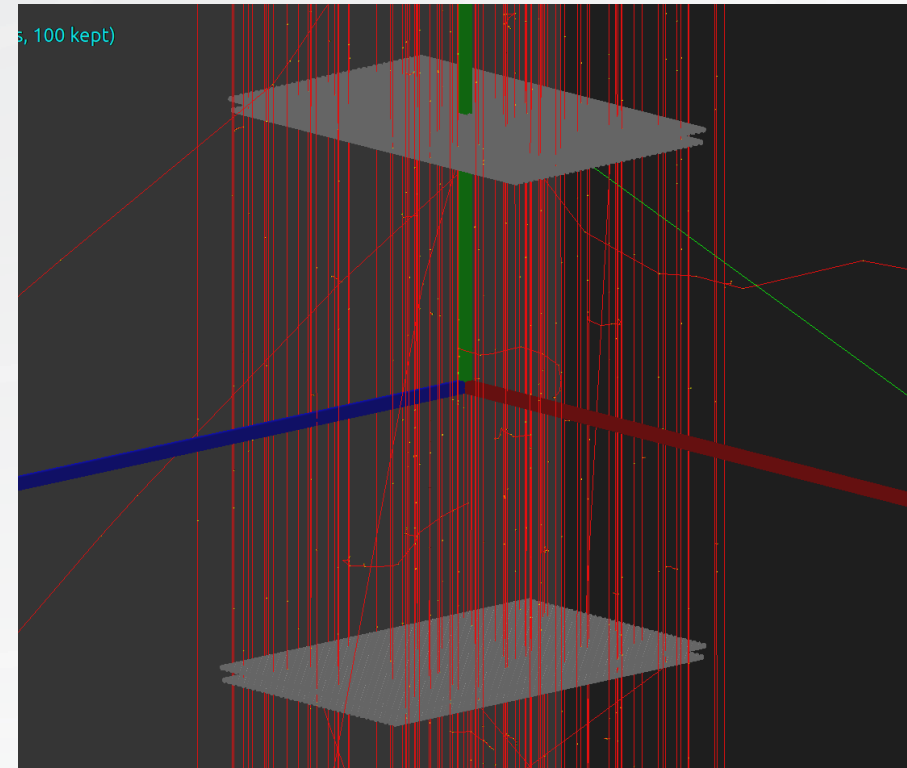
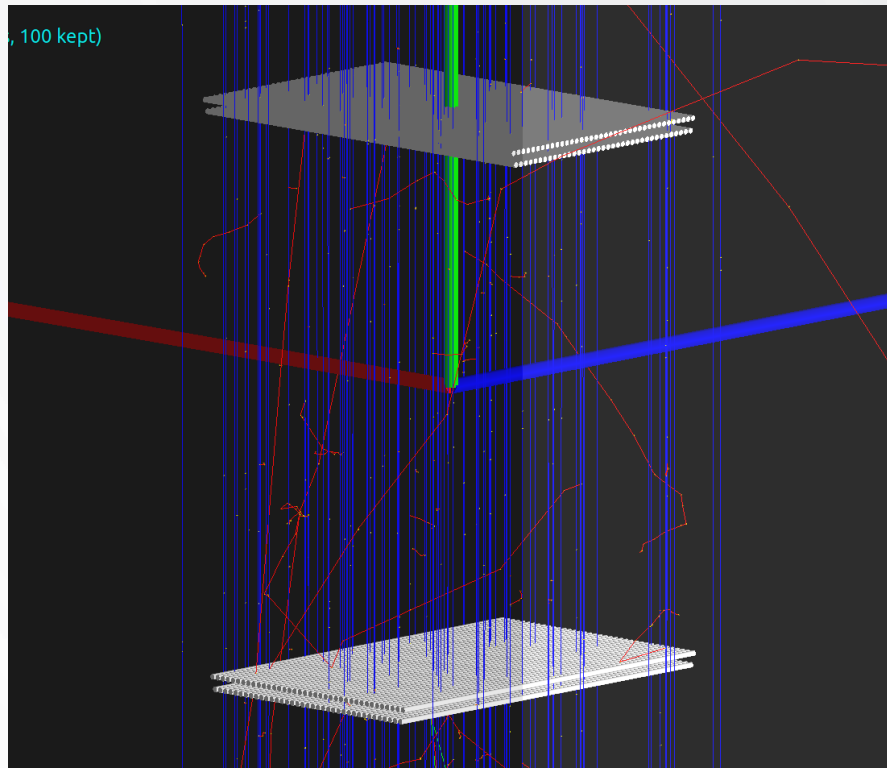
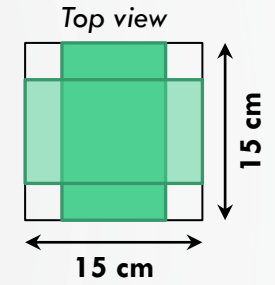
# Simple Tracker Geometry

- Started with a simple geometry:
  - 75 silica optical fibres stacked together (38, 37  $\rightarrow$  double layers)
  - Two double-layered trackers
- Will improve the geometry as we go ahead.
- Looking at DD4hep as well. We'll probably need an xml of the drawing.



# 4 GeV muons ( $\mu^+$ , $\mu^-$ )

Incident with a moving particle gun



Geant4, DD4hep, & root installation instructions are on git. Assumes installation on clean Ubuntu 20.04.

## CRY (Cosmic-ray Shower Library)

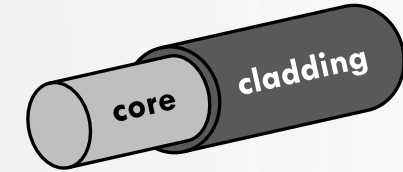
- Installed it on my virtual machine running Ubuntu 20.04.
- Tested out some included examples, installation seems to be fine.
- Looking into more details.

## Importing CAD geometry in DD4hep

- Documentation says it is possible with the assimp package (available on git). Supports import from ~**53 filetypes**.
- I haven't tried this yet. What filetypes can the geometry be exported in with Solid Edge or SOLIDWORKS? Is XML supported?
- Do we want to import everything in black box for Geant4 simulations?

# Scintillating Fiber Geometry & Material

(Single-clad fibers - confirmed)

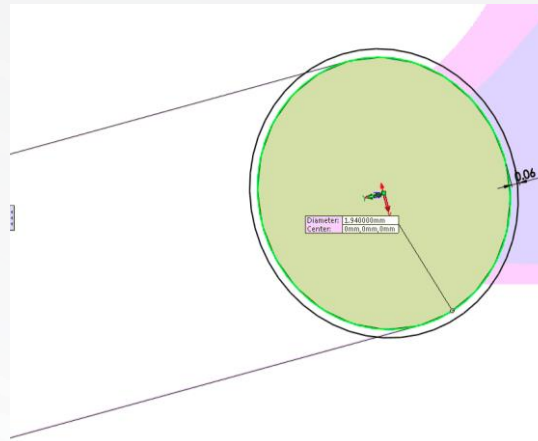


## Core

- Material: Polystyrene
- Refractive index: 1.60
- Density: 1.05 g/cc
- Diameter: 1.94 mm

## Cladding

- Material: Acrylic (PMMA)
- Refractive index: 1.49
- Density: 1.2 g/cc
- Thickness: 60  $\mu\text{m}$



# Importing CAD files in DD4hep

- Start from a very simple CAD file, maybe collada export (.dae) – similar to xml
- Looking into assimp package examples
- *Would like to try out a few different filetypes:*

**STL, STEP → DAE, 3DXML, IFC, XAML**

## Sample Collada (.dae) export

```
1 <COLLADA xmlns="http://www.collada.org/2005/11/COLLADASchema" version="1.4.1">
2   <asset>
3     <contributor />
4     <created>2020-10-03T20:13:56.930669</created>
5     <modified>2020-10-03T20:13:56.930669</modified>
6     <unit meter="1.0" name="meter" />
7     <up_axis>Z_UP</up_axis>
8   </asset>
9   <library_effects>
10    <effect id="effect_Sphere" name="effect_Sphere">
11      <profile_COMMON>
12        <technique sid="common">
13          <phong>
14            <emission>
15              <color>0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0</color>
16            </emission>
17            <ambient>
18              <color>0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0</color>
19            </ambient>
20            <diffuse>
21              <color>0.800000011920929 0.800000011920929 0.800000011920929 1.0</color>
22            </diffuse>
23            <specular>
24              <color>1 1 1 1.0</color>
25            </specular>
26            <shininess>
27              <float>0.0</float>
28            </shininess>
29            <reflective>
30              <color>0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0</color>
31            </reflective>
32            <reflectivity>
33              <float>0.0</float>
34            </reflectivity>
35            <transparent>
36              <color>0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0</color>
37            </transparent>
38            <transparency>
39              <float>1.0</float>
40            </transparency>
41          </phong>
42        </technique>
43      </extra>
44      <technique profile="GOOGLEEARTH">
45        <double_sided>0</double_sided>
46      </technique>
47    </extra>
48  </profile_COMMON>
49 </effect>
50 <effect id="effect_Box" name="effect_Box">
51   <profile_COMMON>
52     <technique sid="common">
53       <phong>
54         <emission>
```

# Supported filetypes with ASSIMP package

**Collada ( \*.dae;\*.xml )**

**Blender ( \*.blend ) 3**

**Biovision BVH ( \*.bvh )**

3D Studio Max 3DS ( \*.3ds )

3D Studio Max ASE ( \*.ase )

Wavefront Object ( \*.obj )

**Stanford Polygon Library ( \*.ply )**

AutoCAD DXF ( \*.dxf )

IFC-STEP, Industry Foundation Classes ( \*.ifc )

Neutral File Format ( \*.nff )

Sense8 WorldToolkit ( \*.nff )

Valve Model ( \*.smd,\*.vta ) 3

Quake I ( \*.mdl )

Quake II ( \*.md2 )

Quake III ( \*.md3 )

Quake 3 BSP ( \*.pk3 ) 1

RtCW ( \*.mdc )

Doom 3 ( \*.md5mesh;\*.md5anim;\*.md5camera )

DirectX X ( \*.x ).

Quick3D ( \*.q3o;q3s )

Raw Triangles ( \*.raw )

AC3D ( \*.ac )

Stereolithography ( \*.stl )

Autodesk DXF ( \*.dxf )

Irrlicht Mesh ( \*.irrmesh;\*.xml )

Irrlicht Scene ( \*.irr;\*.xml ).

Object File Format ( \*.off ).

Terragen Terrain ( \*.ter )

3D GameStudio Model ( \*.mdl )

3D GameStudio Terrain ( \*.hmp )

Ogre ( \*.mesh.xml, \*.skeleton.xml, \*.material)3

**Milkshape 3D ( \*.ms3d )**

LightWave Model ( \*.lwo )

LightWave Scene ( \*.lws )

Modo Model ( \*.lxo )

CharacterStudio Motion ( \*.csm )

Stanford Ply ( \*.ply )

**TrueSpace ( \*.cob, \*.scn )**

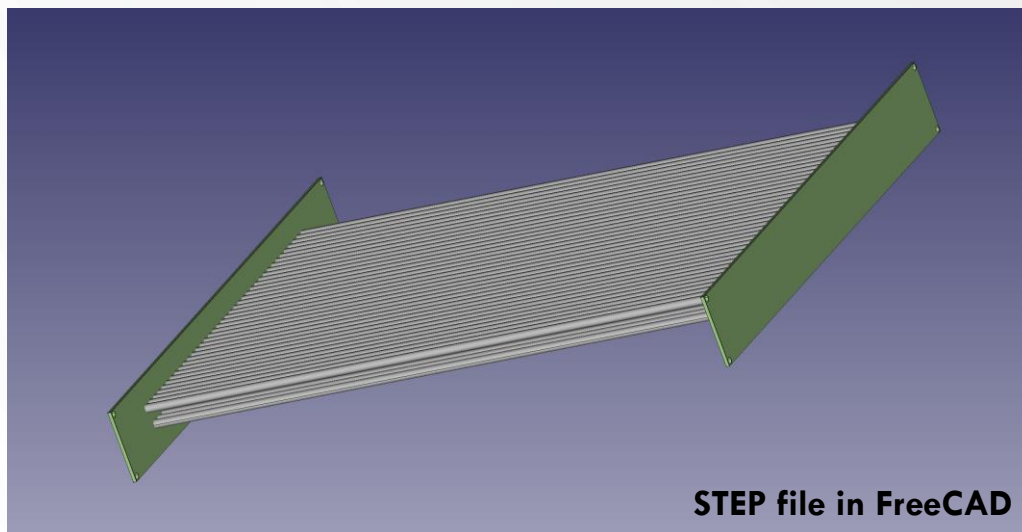
XGL ( \*.xgl, \*.zgl )



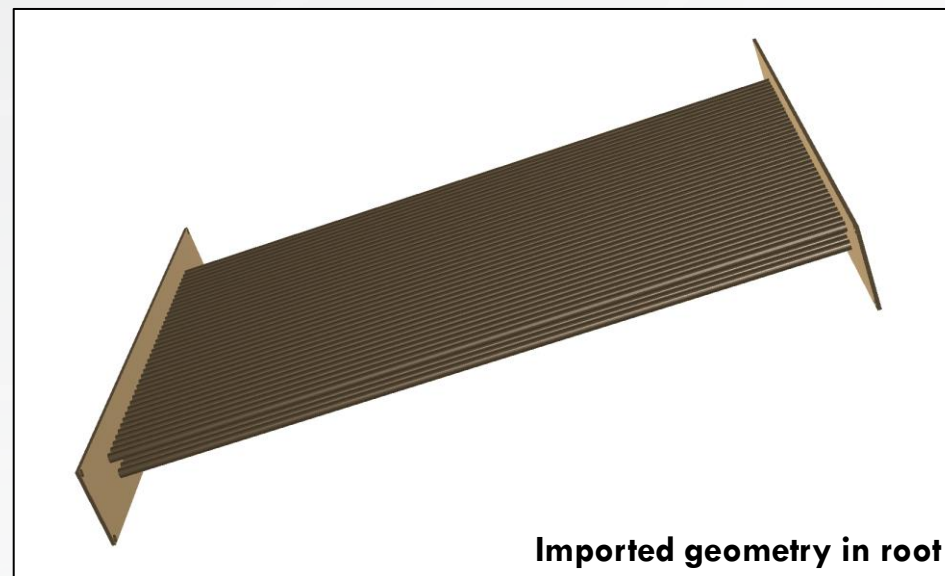
# Importing CAD geometry in DD4hep

- Open .STEP file in FreeCAD software and export selected parts to a Collada .dae file.
- Import this .dae file (detector assembly) in DD4hep with DDCAD and then, **root** may be used for visualization.

In FreeCAD (STEP file) → Collada (.dae)



Imported in DD4hep → Visualize with **root**





# Import & Display CAD Geometry in DD4hep/DDCAD

## test.xml (simple layout):

```
<lccdd>
  <includes>
    <gdmlFile
ref="../../../ClientTests/compact/CheckShape.xml"/>
    </includes>
  <detectors>
    <detector id="1" name="HMB_STL"
type="DD4hep_TestShape_Creator">
      <check vis="T1_Fiber">
        <shape type="CAD_Assembly"
ref="/mnt/hgfs/VMShared/HMB/allGeo.stl"/>
      </check>
    </detector>
  </detectors>
</lccdd>
```

```
<lccdd>
<info> ... </info> Auxiliary detector model information
<includes> ... </includes> Section defining GDML files to be
included
<define> ... </define> Dictionary of constant expressions and
variables
<materials> ... </materials> Additional material definitions
<display> ... </display> Definition of visualization attributes
<detectors> ... </detectors> Section with sub-detector definitions
<readouts> ... </readouts> Section with readout structure
definitions
<limits> ... </limits> Definition of limit sets for Geant4
<fields> ... </fields> Field definitions
</lccdd>
```

**geoDisplay -compact test.xml**

# CAD drawings from STL → GDML

**geoConverter -compact2gdml -input test.xml -  
output test.gdml**

- GDML: XML like syntax, compatible with Geant4
- This can be used in an independent Geant4 simulation (independent of DD4hep)
- Material info in CAD files, perhaps lost in translation! Does STL have material info?
- The resulting GDML file might not be efficiently processed with Geant4 though, especially for complex detector geometries.

```
<position name="assembly_0inShapepos" x="0" y="0" z="0">
<position name="Shape_0inworld_volumepos" x="0" y="0" z="0">
</define>
<materials>
  <material name="dummy" Z="0">
    <D unit="g/cm3" value="0"/>
    <atom unit="g/mole" value="0"/>
  </material>
  <element name="N_elm" formula="N" Z="7">
    <atom unit="g/mole" value="14.0068"/>
  </element>
  <element name="O_elm" formula="O" Z="8">
    <atom unit="g/mole" value="15.9994"/>
  </element>
  <element name="Ar_elm" formula="Ar" Z="18">
    <atom unit="g/mole" value="39.947699999999998"/>
  </element>
  <material name="Air">
    <D unit="g/cm3" value="0.0011999999999999999"/>
    <fraction n="0.012000000104308128" ref="Ar_elm"/>
    <fraction n="0.754000000810623169" ref="N_elm"/>
    <fraction n="0.23399999737739563" ref="O_elm"/>
  </material>
</materials>
<solids>
  <box name="world_volume_shape_0x55e9c5d3b220" x="600" y="600" z="600">
  <tessellated name="vol_0_shape_0x55e9c63a2d10">
    <triangular vertex1="vol_0_shape_0x55e9c63a2d10_0" vertex2="vol_0_shape_0x55e9c63a2d10_1" vertex3="vol_0_shape_0x55e9c63a2d10_2">
```

# GENERATION OF PARTICLES WITH CRY LIBRARY

CRY: Cosmic-ray Shower Library (v1.7)

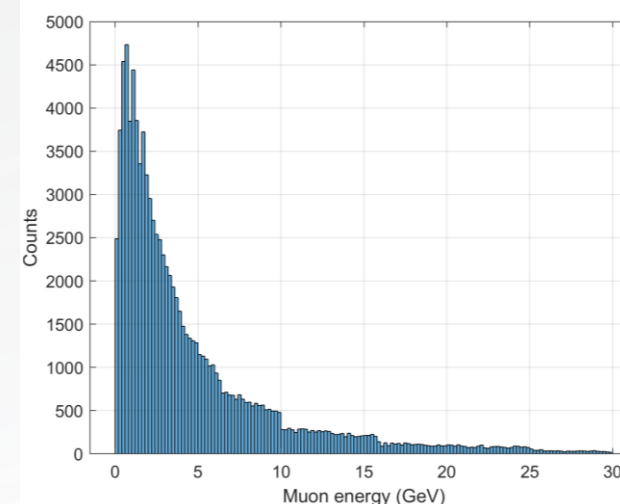
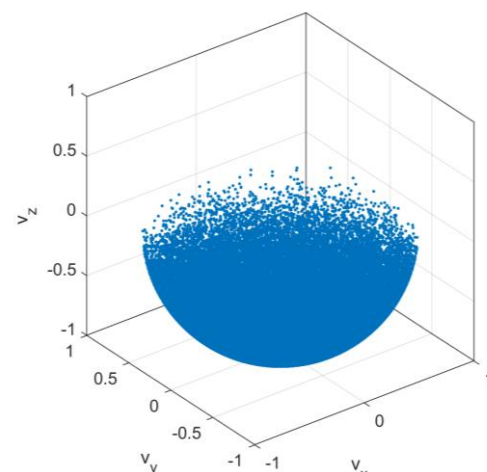
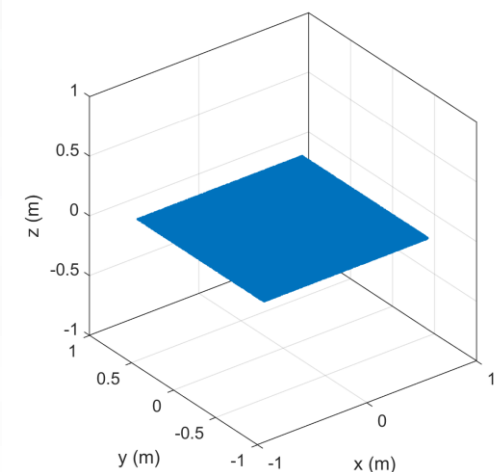
~/cry/test/testOut.cc **setup.file** 100000

Output file → **shower.out:**

#	nEvent	nSecondary	KE	x	y	z	u	v	w
0	0	4	1183	-0.35553	-0.17427	0	0.21387	0.5026	-0.83764
1	0	4	6618	-0.74499	-0.38886	0	-0.3633	0.047603	-0.93046
2	0	4	6580.5	0.68209	-0.18992	0	-0.27037	-0.38348	-0.88309
3	0	4	4150.8	-0.19935	-0.59347	0	0.22575	-0.32956	-0.91675

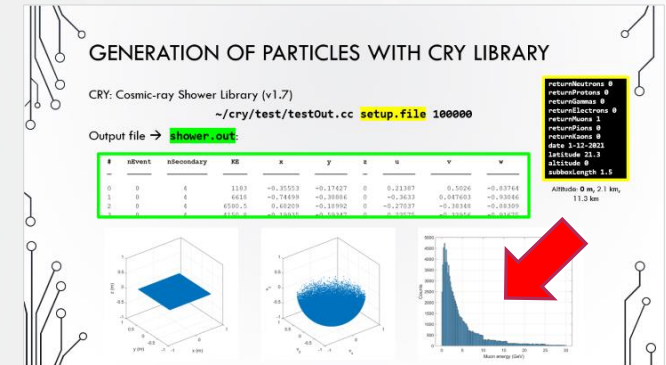
```
returnNeutrons 0
returnProtons 0
returnGammas 0
returnElectrons 0
returnMuons 1
returnPions 0
returnKaons 0
date 1-12-2021
latitude 21.3
altitude 0
subboxLength 1.5
```

Altitude: 0 m, 2.1 km,  
11.3 km



A scatter plot showing the relationship between Muon energy (GeV) on the y-axis and Muon Zenith angle (deg) on the x-axis. The x-axis ranges from 0 to 90 degrees, and the y-axis ranges from 0 to 30 GeV. The plot contains a large number of blue data points. The distribution is dense, particularly at lower zenith angles (0-30 degrees) and lower energies (0-10 GeV). There is a general trend where muon energy increases with increasing zenith angle, with many points reaching up to 30 GeV at angles between 40 and 80 degrees.

**Zenith angle:**  $\cos^{-1}(-w)$   
 $w$  is the z-component of the particle velocity.



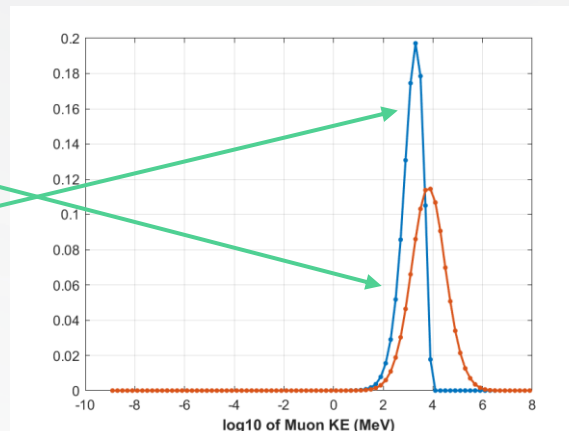
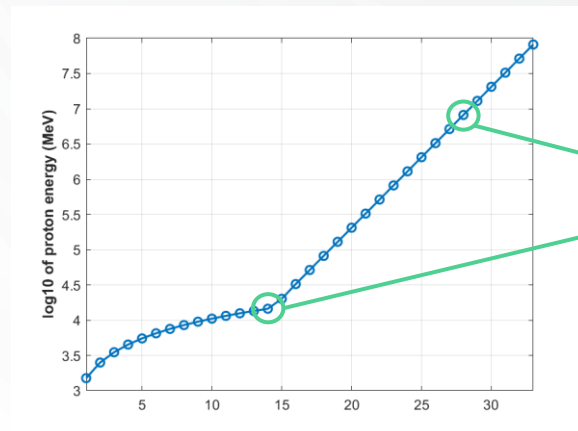


## 85 secondary bins

```
%%%/%%%/%%% Muon KE distribution %%%/%%%/%%%
pdf muonKEDist::primaryBins[1.0e-9,1.0e8,log] = {
{ 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 1.9608E-02 1.9608E-02 5.8824E-02 3.9216E-02 1.9608E-01
3.3333E-01 1.5686E-01 9.8039E-02 7.8431E-02 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 }
      85x33 values
{ 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
1.4903E-03 2.9806E-03 7.4516E-03 1.7884E-02 3.7258E-02 9.3890E-02
1.9374E-01 2.1311E-01 2.3845E-01 1.1624E-01 6.4083E-02 1.1923E-02
1.4903E-03 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 }
{ 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
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0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
2.3889E-04 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
9.5557E-04 2.8667E-03 7.8834E-03 1.4095E-02 3.1056E-02 6.8084E-02
1.1228E-01 1.7296E-01 2.2862E-01 2.0401E-01 1.2183E-01 3.2967E-02
1.6722E-03 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00 0.0000E+00
0.0000E+00 }
```

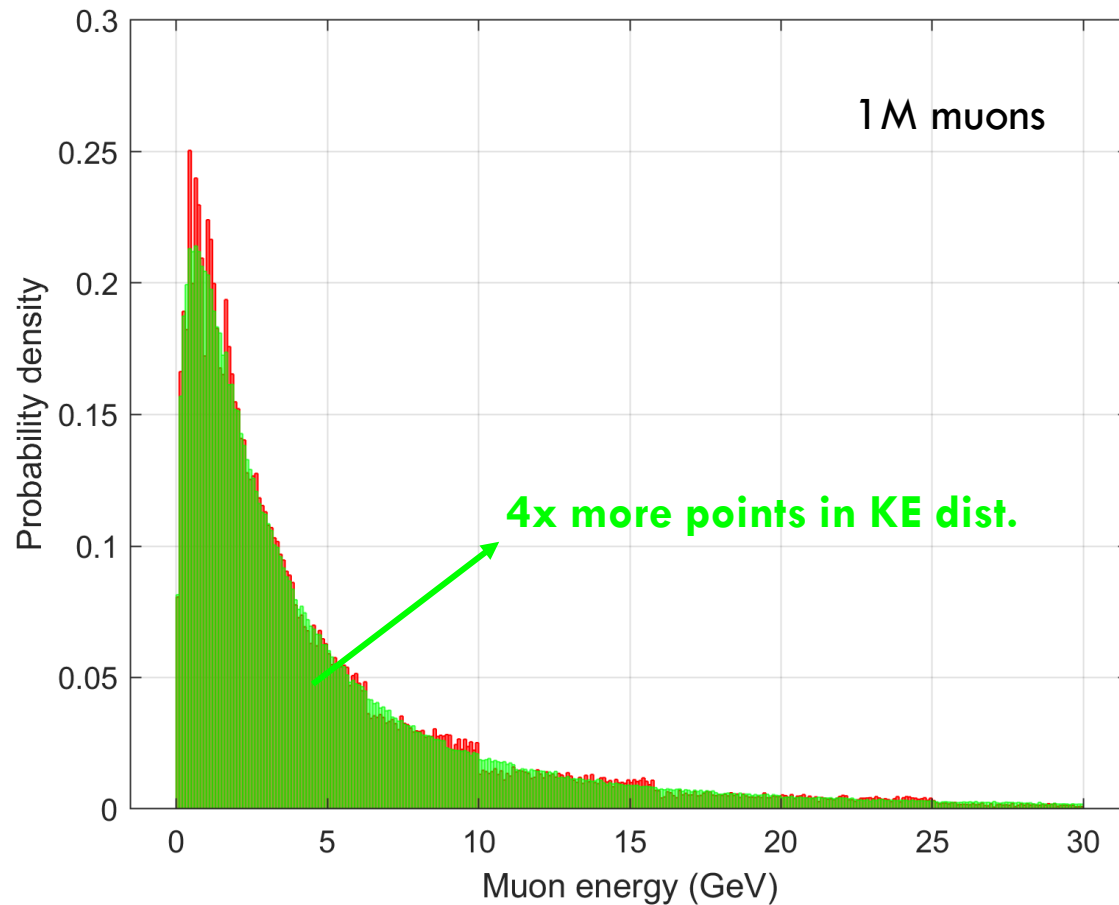
A decorative graphic consisting of stylized circuit lines and nodes. It features several vertical and diagonal lines of varying lengths, some ending in small circles, arranged in a way that suggests a network or a circuit board layout. The lines are black, and the circles are white with black outlines.

# CRY DATA FILE: ORGANIZATION OF PARTICLE PDFs



# Muon Energy Distribution

(After interpolation of almost all distributions in CRY data files)





# More details on NaI Calorimeter

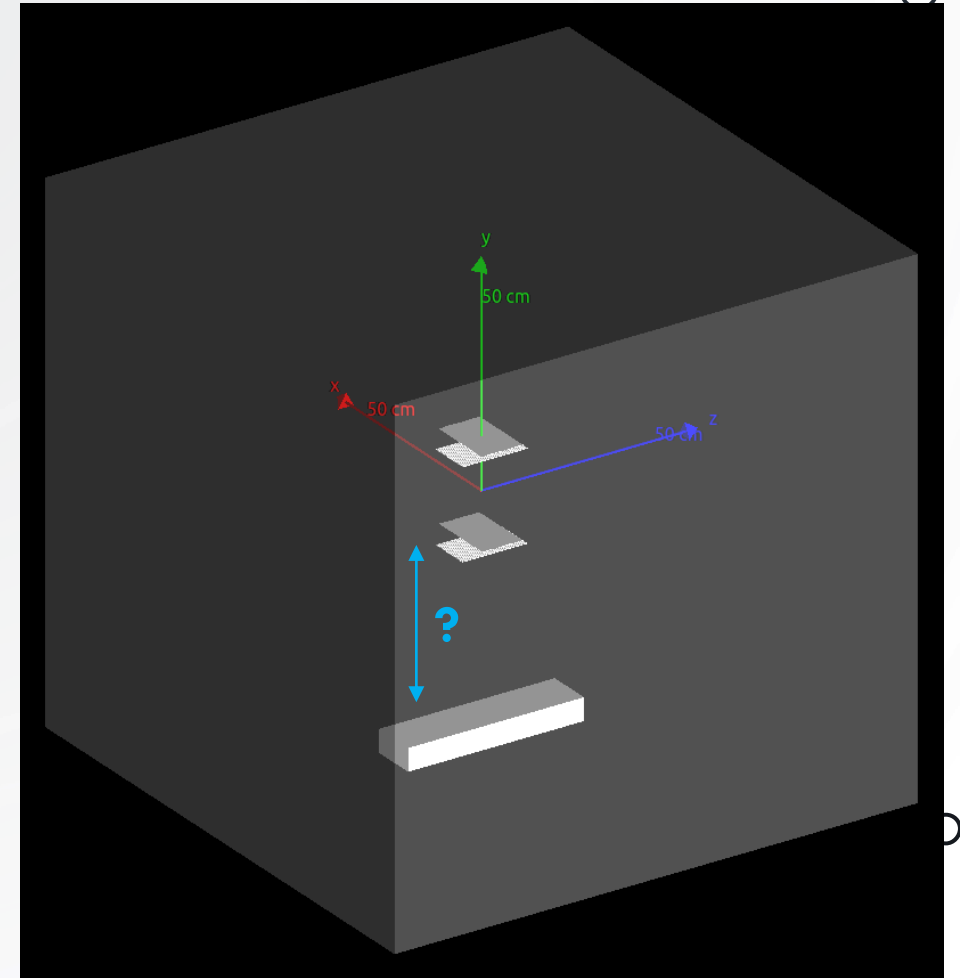
## Good references:

- General Info: <https://www.crystals.saint-gobain.com/sites/imdf.crystals.com/files/documents/square-or-rectangular-detector.pdf>
- Product list: <https://www.crystals.saint-gobain.com/products/radiation-detection-products/standard-scintillation-product-list>
- Material reference: [https://www.crystals.saint-gobain.com/sites/imdf.crystals.com/files/documents/sodium-iodide-material-data-sheet\\_0.pdf](https://www.crystals.saint-gobain.com/sites/imdf.crystals.com/files/documents/sodium-iodide-material-data-sheet_0.pdf)
- Similar product drawings:
  - <https://www.crystals.saint-gobain.com/sites/imdf.crystals.com/files/documents/s600-8532.pdf>
  - <https://www.crystals.saint-gobain.com/sites/imdf.crystals.com/files/documents/s600-8565.pdf>
  - <https://www.crystals.saint-gobain.com/sites/imdf.crystals.com/files/documents/s600-8391.pdf>

# Nal Scintillator Slab (Calorimeter)

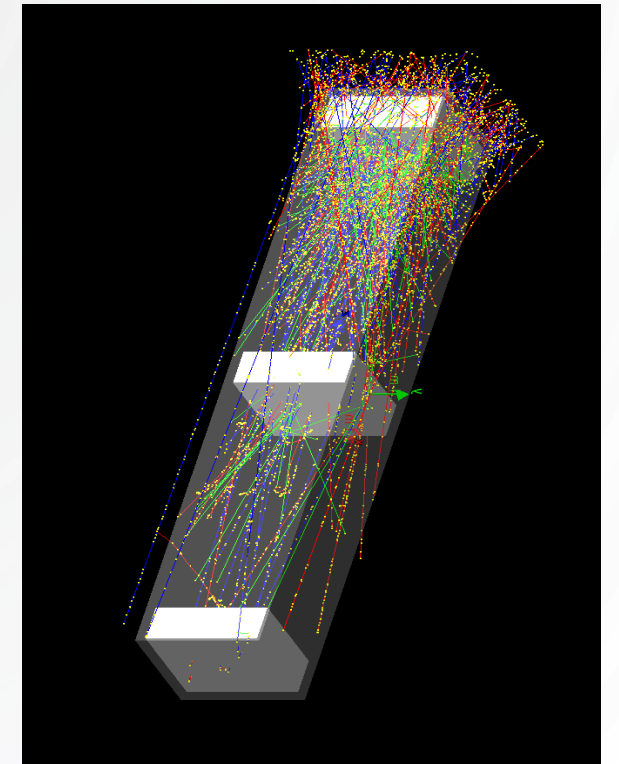
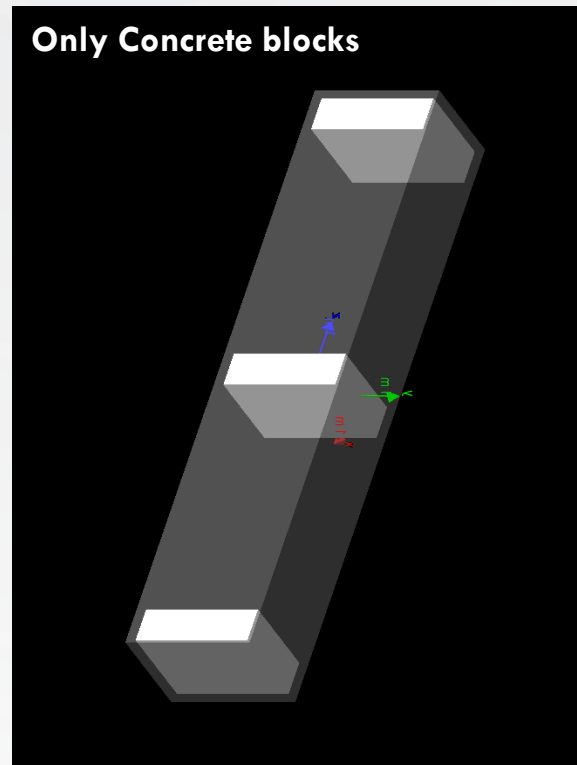
## Missing details:

- Spacing between various elements
- Placement/Alignment of Nal Slab inside the HMB Box

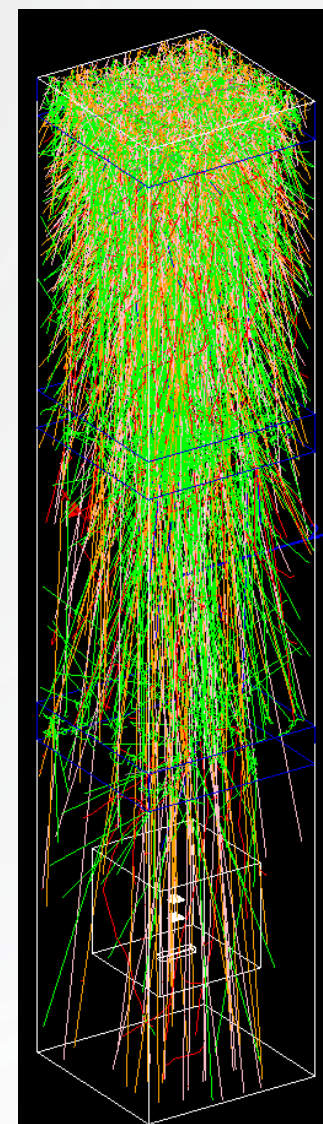
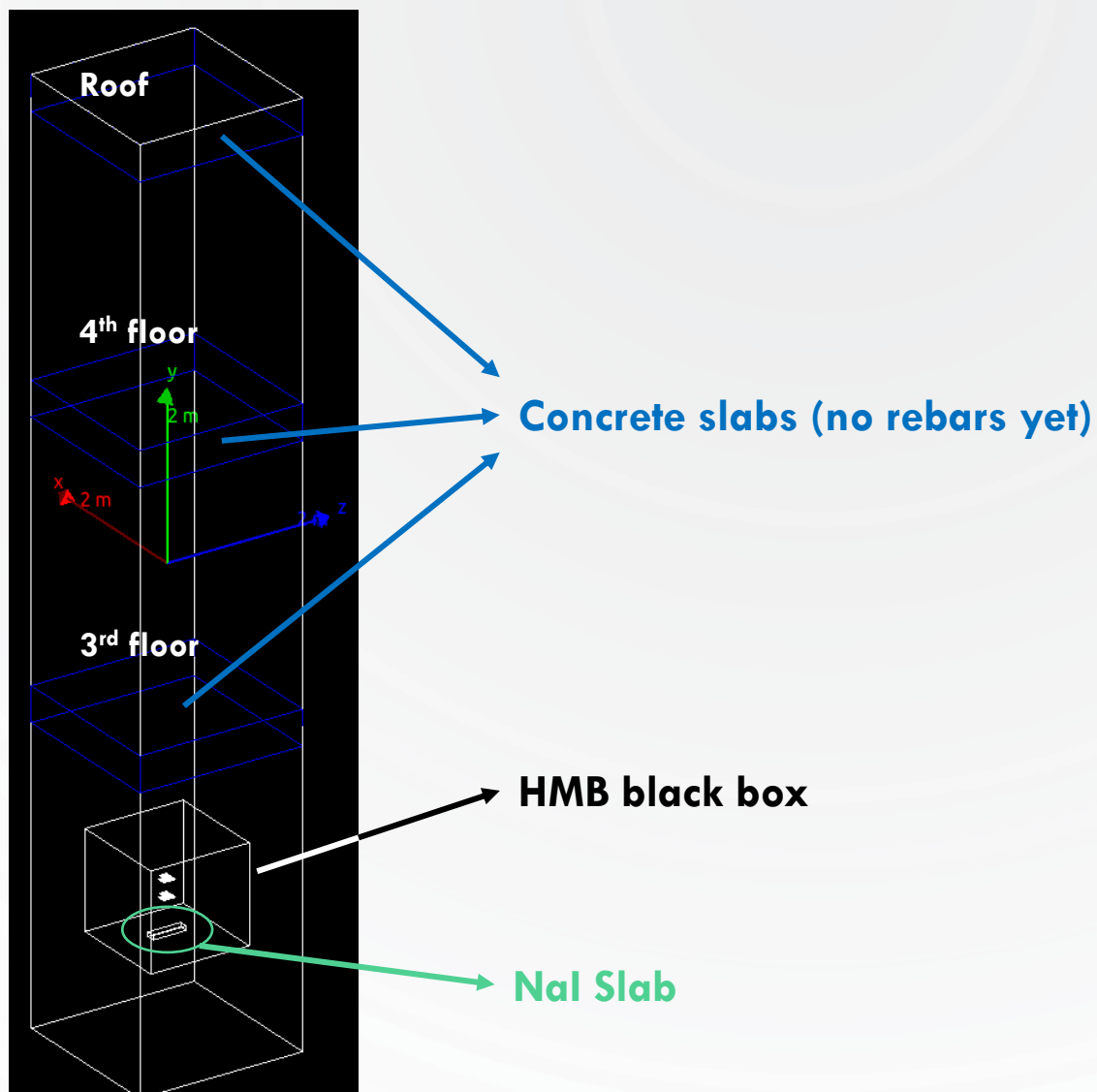


# Change in Muon KE due to Concrete & Rebars

- Concrete thickness: 8.25 in
- Material: G4\_CONCRETE
- Estimated thickness of rebars: 1 in.
- Material: G4\_Fe



# Including building structures in simulation



## Color codes:

Default color: grey  
e<sup>+</sup> : blue  
e<sup>-</sup> : red  
gamma : green  
neutron : yellow  
pi<sup>+</sup> : magenta  
pi<sup>-</sup> : magenta  
proton : cyan  
 $\mu^+$  : orange  
 $\mu^-$  : pink