

PHYSICS 274L — GENERAL PHYSICS III LAB

UH MANOA — Spring Semester 2017

Course Information & Policies

Lab Meetings Thursdays 1:30–5:20 p.m. (official course time) in Watanabe Hall, Rm. 419
 Tuesdays 1:30–4:30 p.m. (additional available lab times)

Instructor Michael Nassir
 E-mail: nassir@hawaii.edu
 Office: Watanabe Hall, Rm. 426, (808) 956-2922
Help Hours: during most Tues & Thurs lab times (above) — in Wat 419 lab or Wat 426 office; AND
 most MWF 2:00–5:00 p.m. in Wat 426 office (it is a good idea to call or e-mail first)

T.A. Kevin Croker
 E-mail: kcroker@hawaii.edu
 Office: Watanabe Hall, Rm. 404
Help Hours: during Thursday lab time (1:30–5:20 p.m.)— in Wat 419 lab or in Wat 404 office

Required Materials

Bring the following items to every lab session:

- **lab notebook** — bound, or 3-ring, or electronic journal for recording measurements & observations.
- **scientific calculator** with scientific (power-of-10) notation, trig functions, exponents and logarithms.
(Graphing features NOT necessary.)

Textbooks • PHYS 274 textbook or equivalent reference(s)

 • Taylor, John R., *An Introduction to Error Analysis*, 2nd ed. (1997)
 paperback: ISBN 0-935702-75-X (UH Bookstore: ~\$45 new, ~\$34 used)

Online Resources • Lab manuals & related materials — to be distributed via Dropbox folder

 • Experiment signups — via Google spreadsheet

Course Description

This course is intended to:

- Supplement the material of PHYS 274 (wave optics and modern physics) by illustrating some of its concepts with hands-on experiments.
- Supply you with more advanced understanding of the mathematical and statistical tools and experimental techniques used by experimental physicists, beyond the simple techniques used in introductory labs. You will increase your skill using these tools and techniques via repeated practice with a variety of different experiments.
- Develop your formal scientific-writing skills. This course also satisfies a Writing-Intensive focus requirement (minimum 4000 words, although you should far exceed that amount over the course of your 7 lab reports).

Prerequisites: PHYS 152L or 272L; and PHYS 274 (or concurrent).

- This also implies satisfactory prior completion of PHYS 151, 151L, and 152; or of PHYS 170, 170L, and 272.
- MATH 243 or 253A (Calculus III) is a pre- or co-requisite for PHYS 274, and hence for this lab. Much of our theory and calculations require only algebra and trigonometry, but calculus will make frequent appearances, and you will regularly need to use partial derivatives (Calculus III) when performing error analysis.
- A grade of “C” or better is required in all of the above completed courses.

PHYS 274L Learning Outcomes

At the conclusion of this course, students should be able to:

- Define and use the terminology of selected important topics within wave optics & modern physics (current topics: wave diffraction & interference, deBroglie wavelength, photoelectric effect, Hall effect, atomic spectroscopy, semiconductors, superconductivity).
- Apply common theoretical equations and principles of wave optics & modern physics appropriately to physical experiments.
- Gather experimental data, including initial estimation of, or calculation of, measurement errors on all values.
- Within the constraints of prescribed experiments, exercise intermediate-level scientific judgment during data-gathering process and data analysis: identify important and unimportant quantities, choose frequency/number of measurements, devise unbiased measurement methods, choose when to reject outlying values, etc.
- Compile and analyze raw data to arrive at final calculated values with correctly propagated uncertainties (using partial derivatives).
- When appropriate, draw statistically valid scientific conclusions from final results & uncertainties.
- Identify and employ important content and stylistic elements of scientific writing.
- Compose a formal report similar in length and style to a scientific “letter” (short journal article).

Course Schedule — Spring 2017

Thu. Jan. 12	Introduction & Orientation to lab; Lecture & Homework Assignment on Measurement & Error Analysis Principles
Thu. Jan. 19	Lecture & Homework Assignment on Least-Squares Fitting
Thu. Jan. 26	Lecture & Homework on Scientific Writing
Thu. Feb. 1	Possible 4 th Lecture & Homework Assignment
Tue. Jan. 24 – Thu. May 4	Lab Experiment Days — must perform 7 experiments during the semester
Thu. May 11	Final deadline for last lab report submission

Experiments

You must complete **SEVEN** of the following experiments and reports during the semester. The experiments are as follows, with the **five required experiments in boldface**. ~~You may then choose any two of the remaining experiments:~~

1. One- and Two-Slit Diffraction	<i>Nassir</i>	
2. Bragg Diffraction	<i>Croker</i>	
3. Michelson Interferometer	<i>Croker</i>	<i>lab partner recommended</i>
4. Photoelectric Effect	<i>Nassir</i>	
5. Electron Diffraction	<i>Nassir</i>	<i>prerequisite: Exp. #2 Bragg Diffraction</i>
(6. Hall Effect in p-type Ge — broken)		
(7. Franck-Hertz Experiment — retired)		
8. Atomic Spectra	<i>Nassir</i>	
9. Band Gap of Germanium	<i>Croker</i>	<i>lab partner recommended</i>
(10. Superconducting Transition in YBCO — not currently available)		

Order of Experiments

If you are currently enrolled in PHYS 274 lecture:

We suggest that you sign up to complete the experiments **roughly in the order above**, since it approximates the order that the topics are covered in lecture. For example, wave optics/interference is the first topic in PHYS 274 lecture, and it is the subject of our Experiments #1–3. Likewise, we suggest that you save Exp. #8 (Atomic Spectra) for last, since it deals with atomic structure and the quantum phenomenon of spin-orbit coupling.

If you have already taken PHYS 274 lecture:

You may sign up to complete your experiments **in any order**.

Everyone:

- Everyone should complete #2 (Bragg Diffraction) **before** attempting #5 (Electron Diffraction).
- ~~Exp. #6 (Hall Effect) uses only concepts from PHYS 272 (electromagnetism), so it can be performed at any time.~~

Pacing & Attendance

- You will have approximately 14 weeks to complete seven experiments, which **averages to approx. one experiment every two weeks**. Please pace yourself accordingly when signing up for experiments, although you are free to work faster or slower during the semester, as you wish or as your personal schedule permits.
- Do **NOT** schedule more than one experiment per calendar week.
- If you are not scheduled to perform an experiment or show your numerical analysis on a particular day, you do **NOT** need to attend lab on that day. However, you are always welcome to come to lab to show your instructor/TA your intermediate results, or to seek other assistance with your analysis.

Partners

You may sign up **either alone or with ONE partner**. The partner does not need to be the same person for each experiment, but may be if you wish. (See section on “Collaboration” below for more information on working with a lab partner.) Given the large enrollment this semester, *we encourage using partners while conducting experiments*. Certain experiments are much easier to perform with a partner’s assistance — see above list.

Signups

You and a partner can create and modify sign ups for experiments several weeks in advance — you will be sent a link to a Google spreadsheet. If you change your signup within < 24 hours of your scheduled time, please also send an e-mail to the instructor/TA for that experiment.

Oral Quizzes

You and your partner are required to take an oral quiz on the theory and objectives of each experiment before you begin taking data on that experiment. The oral quiz will be with your instructor or TA, will last 30–60 minutes, and will be mostly **closed-book** (although you may ask to consult your lab notebook if absolutely necessary):

- (1) your instructor posing questions to you about the physics and theory of the phenomenon to be studied; and
- (2) your instructor introducing and orienting you to the apparatus to be used.

Your oral quiz will be scored on a scale of 0 to 10 points. (Separate scores will be given to each lab partner.)

If your oral quiz score is 5 points or lower, **you will be asked to re-study the lab manual and theory, and to reschedule your experiment for a later date**, at which time you will be given a new oral quiz. (Your future oral quiz score will eventually replace your first score.) Specific deficiencies in your preparation will be pointed out for you to remedy before your next attempt.

Lab Notebooks

You are expected to keep a lab notebook, to be used before and during your experiments. You are welcome to use a format of your choosing — bound composition or engineering notebook, looseleaf binder, or electronic journal. If you choose anything other than a bound lab notebook, you should still treat it as though it were — it should allow you to keep permanent, narrative journal of your experiment, just as a traditional bound lab notebook does.

Important practices at all times:

- Use pen, and neatly “line through” incorrect values or calculations
- Number your pages in advance, and create a Table of Contents
- Decide on a process (*example*: odd pages for most work, and even pages for scratch work or random notes)

Before coming to lab:

- Make notes on goals/objectives, theory, and derivations
- Summarize procedural steps (sometimes can be cut-and-pasted from lab manual)

During experiment:

- Draw sketches or schematics of apparatus layouts, and label important dimensions (sometimes can be copied from lab manual, or photos can be pasted in)
- Record measurements and raw data
- Note any departures or deviations from established lab manual procedure
- Make quick/scratch calculations
- Note any other observations that might prove useful while writing your formal lab report

- Calculate a rough result or make a quick-look graph of your data *in lab before leaving*, to “sanity-check” your results. If you discover a problem in your data, it can be remedied by taking fresh data the same day before you leave.

After experiment:

- Perform calculations and error propagation *in lab notebook* (not on scratch paper!)
- Paste in graphs or other results, including notes about analysis methods used
- Record initial conclusions about your results

Although we will not collect your lab notebook, we may ask to view your notebook during your experiment, **BEFORE YOU LEAVE YOUR EXPERIMENT**, and/or when you present your preliminary results. Finally, you should expect to draw from the contents of your lab notebook while preparing your formal written lab reports.

Before you leave lab on your experiment day, your lab notebook and record-keeping will be scored on a scale of 0 to 5 points.

Preliminary Results

We recommend that you commence work on your preliminary results *promptly* after taking your data for that particular experiment — the sooner that you do so, the better you will remember the peculiarities of your data and the circumstances of your observations.

WITHIN ONE WEEK (7 calendar days) of conducting your experiment, you must visit your instructor/TA to show and discuss your PRELIMINARY RESULTS. This should include:

- Raw data, collected into tables or presented as graphs
- Preliminary calculation of final results, including any necessary graphical fitting
- Propagated errors/uncertainties on the final results

For this preliminary result check-in, **use of your lab notebook, handwritten calculations, and/or loose printouts of graphs are fine** — equations, tables, or graphs do NOT need to be formally prepared in the manner that they will appear in your final lab report. Although you and your lab partner will have identical/shared raw data, you should each *independently* perform any calculations, error analysis, or least-squares fitting, and create your own graphs — this is to provide you with the educational value of doing so.

Your instructor/TA will check that your data and results are reasonable, or if there are any obvious problems or deficiencies with your raw data or analysis. This is an important step before you invest the time and effort of writing your formal lab report.

Your preliminary results will be scored on a scale of 0 to 10 points.

A late penalty of –2 points/day will be deducted from your score for every school day that the preliminary results are late, **up to a maximum of –10 points.** This penalty may be waived if you have made a good-faith effort to present your results to your instructor/TA before or on your due date.

Formal Lab Reports

We recommend that you commence work on your formal lab report *as soon as possible* after presenting your preliminary results — the sooner that you begin your writing, the better you will remember the details of your experiment.

- Lab reports *typically* contain **between five and 10 pages of double-spaced type**, although you are not required to meet any minimum or maximum length. Depending on the particular experiment, a longer or shorter report may be appropriate to present all necessary information. *Use as much space as needed to contain the relevant information and calculations*, while still being as economical as possible with your language.

- Developing your judgment about which information and details are “relevant” is part of this course.
- Scientific writing requires conciseness — saying things precisely, but with as few words as possible.
- The tone should be formal, as in most textbooks and journal articles.

- Each lab report will be scored on a scale of **100 points**, following a predetermined scoring matrix.

- Although most details will be left up to you, all reports should follow a basic structure and writing style similar to that of a **short scientific paper**, with variations as appropriate:

Title
Abstract
Introduction
Theory
Procedure
Raw Data
Calculations/Results
Discussion
Conclusion
References
optional: Appendix

Typesetting

One of our aims is to help you develop and improve your scientific writing. Although tidy formatting and good organization are part of this goal, your reports do *not* need to be completely, perfectly formatted — content is more important than absolutely perfect aesthetic appearance.

- Please **type** your lab reports using any standard word processor that can produce regular mathematical expressions and Greek letters.
- Please **double-space** your submitted reports for Mike Nassir. (*Double-spacing is NOT standard for scientific articles; it is purely to aid in grading and feedback.*)
- Please use **LaTeX** for your submitted reports to Kevin Croker. He can provide further assistance to you with LaTeX syntax or other questions.
- Graphs may be prepared using any graphing application that you are most familiar with. Our computers in 274L lab have some programs installed. Nassir can provide assistance with Excel questions.

Due Dates

The **due date** for any lab report is **TWO WEEKS (14 calendar days) after you take your data**, or by Thurs. May 11, whichever is sooner. Labs should be submitted to the person in charge of that particular experiment: either Mike Nassir or Kevin Croker, either on paper or in PDF format.

Late reports will be **penalized by –2 points/day for each additional day** that they are late. If you encounter unusual problems with your report or analysis, please contact the instructor/TA for that experiment as early as possible. Short extensions may be granted on a case-by-case basis, if substantial progress has already been made.

Resubmission

You have the option to **revise and resubmit TWO lab reports** for better scores, if you wish: the first of your reports submitted to Mike Nassir, and the first of your reports submitted to Kevin Croker. Please discuss this with Mike Nassir or Kevin Croker, respectively, if you would like to exercise this option.

- Your revisions should directly address the comments provided by the grader, and your revised report must be resubmitted *with the old report (and score sheet) attached*.
- Revised reports will usually be due *one week* after the graded reports are returned to you.

Final Grade Determination

Total points possible in the course:

700 points = 7 Lab Reports × 100 points each

70 points = 7 Oral Quizzes × 10 points each

70 points = 7 Preliminary Results × 10 points each

35 points = 7 Lab Notebook Checks × 5 points each

approx. 100 points = Homework Assignments (*exact point total to be determined*)

approx. 975 points Total

Your **overall course percentage** will be computed as a simple fraction of your total points earned divided by the total points possible. An overall percentage of 90% will guarantee you at least a final grade of A–; 80% at least a B–; 70% at least a C–; and so forth. In the final determination of grades, these cutoffs may be lowered at the discretion of the instructor.

Collaboration

In this lab, you are welcome to conduct experiments and to take data **with a partner**. (Indeed, for Experiments #2, #3, and #9, working with a partner makes data-taking *much* easier.) Working in pairs or groups is common in science labs, and indeed is encouraged: teamwork can help you to make measurements and catch errors faster, and explaining something to another person is a great way to learn it yourself.

However, if you are “working with” a classmate while making a measurement, there are a few guidelines to follow:

(1) You should take turns occasionally and each ***make some of the measurements yourself***, so that each of you gets the educational value and experience of using the equipment and “seeing for yourself.”

(2) All final lab reports should be written by you ***in your own words***, even if the raw measurements or data you are using are identical to your partner’s. If you do perform the experiment with a lab partner, ***make a note in your lab report*** of the name of your partner for that particular experiment.

In the end, your submitted work should reflect ***your own understanding***. Any passages or calculations that are simply copied or plagiarized from another student, or from any other uncited source, will be given **no credit**. Serious cases of plagiarism may be referred to the Office of Judicial Affairs for disciplinary review.

Lab Conduct & Safety

Our experiments use a few lasers, a microwave transmitter, some high-voltage power supplies, and some exposed circuitry. While these items are safe to use with the protections provided, they are NOT completely harmless! Your instructor or TA will review **relevant safety tips** during your Oral Quiz for each experiment.

If any **equipment breaks or fails** during your experiment, please inform your instructor or TA; do NOT leave it to be discovered as a rude surprise by the next person who tries to use it. We have only one apparatus for each experiment, so non-working equipment must be fixed promptly.

Aromatic food or complete meals are NOT allowed in lab. Beverages and small snacks are permissible, but should be kept away from experimental apparatus and computers. Food or beverage containers should be discarded OUTSIDE of our lab room — mahalo!